

THE KEG ROYALTIES INCOME FUND

FIRST QUARTER REPORT

For the three months ended March 31, 2008

TO OUR UNITHOLDERS

On behalf of the Board of Trustees, I am pleased to present the results of The Keg Royalties Income Fund (the "Fund") for the three months ended March 31, 2008.

RESULTS

The Trustees are delighted to report that The Keg has reached another sales record for the first quarter. The gross sales reported by the 96 Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool were \$111,550,000 an increase of \$6,311,000 or 6.0% from the comparable quarter of the prior year. These higher gross sales reflect the very successful new Keg restaurants, which opened during the period from October 3, 2006 through October 2, 2007, which were added to the Royalty Pool on January 1, 2008, as well as strong same store sales growth of 2.2% for the quarter.

The Fund generated earnings before income taxes of \$3,189,000 or 32.9 cents/Fund unit compared with \$3,064,000 or 32.8 cents/Fund unit during the same quarter of the prior year, an increase of \$125,000. Distributable cash available to pay distributions to public Unitholders increased by \$144,000 to \$3,199,000 or 33.0 cents/Fund unit, from \$3,055,000 or 32.8 cents/Fund unit for the first quarter of the prior year.

DISTRIBUTION INCREASE

On February 5, 2008, the Trustees were pleased to authorize another distribution increase to Unitholders, the seventh distribution increase since the inception of the Fund. The monthly distributions were increased by 2.9% from \$0.1035 per unit to \$0.1065 per unit, beginning with the March 2008 distribution. This equals an annualized distribution of \$1.278 per unit. The Fund's objective is to provide consistent, monthly distributions to Unitholders at the highest sustainable level, and the Fund will continue to review distribution levels on an ongoing basis to fulfill that objective.

DISTRIBUTABLE CASH

The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants and the Canadian Securities Administrators have recently released a guideline on the measurement and reporting of distributable cash for income trusts and other flow through entities in Management's Discussion and Analysis. This guidance attempts to provide comparable measures of distributable cash among income trusts. As a result of this guidance, the Fund's distributable cash is now defined as the periodic cash flows from operating activities as reported in the GAAP financial statements including the change in non-cash working capital balances, less adjustments for capital expenditures and restrictions on distributions arising from compliance with financial covenants. Previously, distributable cash was computed as earnings for the period plus non-cash items such as amortization and future income taxes and hence a non-GAAP measure, which was not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Given the Fund has no capital expenditures and no expected restriction on distributions arising from compliance with financial covenants, the only material difference that may arise in any particular reporting period between the two definitions is due to the inclusion of changes in non-cash working capital balances.

The Trustees are of the opinion that the inclusion of changes in non-cash working capital balances in the determination of distributable cash will provide less meaningful information for unitholders as the Fund's working capital requirements are not permanent in nature and are primarily due to the timing of payments between related parties. Readers are advised that this is a reporting change only and that earnings and actual cash available for distribution to the Fund's unitholders are not impacted nor does this impact the contractual obligations between the Fund, the Partnership, and KRL.

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TAX ON INCOME FUNDS

On June 12, 2007, the Canadian federal government's legislation to tax publicly traded income trusts passed third reading in the House of Commons and thus the associated income tax became substantively enacted for accounting purposes. The legislation imposes a tax of 29.5% on distributions from Canadian public income trusts. The new tax is not expected to apply to the Fund until January 1, 2011 as a transition period applies to publicly traded trusts that existed prior to November 1, 2006. This rate was subsequently reduced to 28.0% for 2012 and later taxation years. Historically, the Fund had been exempt from recognizing future income tax assets and liabilities associated with temporary differences arising in the Fund and its equity accounted investment, The Keg Rights Limited Partnership. As a result of the substantive enactment of the new tax legislation, the Fund was required to give accounting recognition to these new rules and has recognized a future income tax liability of \$1,400,000 as of March 31, 2008 and a future income tax recovery of \$350,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008. Future income tax expense is a non-cash item that does not affect cash flow.

OUTLOOK

The Canadian Restaurant and Foodservice Association (CRFA) has projected growth in the full-service restaurant category, the category in which the Keg operates, of 3.1% in 2008. Management of KRL believes that The Keg will continue to outperform the full-service category with respect to same store sales growth.

The Keg remains an industry leader in the full-service restaurant category, showing continued growth in both overall sales and same store sales. Management remains committed to maintaining and improving the legendary high standards that have come to define the brand, including The Keg's high quality menu, knowledgeable service and marketing innovation. The Keg's management team is focused not only on developing new Kegs in new markets where opportunities exist, but also on growing sales in existing Kegs year after year, further strengthening the company's position as a market leader throughout North America.

Sincerely,



C.C. Woodward
Chairman, The Keg Royalties Income Fund
on behalf of the Board of Trustees
May 12, 2008

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(\$000's except per unit amounts)	Jan. 1 to Mar. 31, 2008	Jan. 1 to Mar. 31, 2007
Restaurants in the Royalty Pool	96	95
Gross sales reported by restaurants in the Royalty Pool	<u>\$ 111,550</u>	<u>\$ 105,239</u>
Royalty income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 4,488	\$ 4,260
Partnership expenses ⁽²⁾	<u>(99)</u>	<u>(102)</u>
Partnership earnings	4,389	4,158
KRL's interest ⁽³⁾	<u>(2,057)</u>	<u>(1,926)</u>
Equity income ⁽⁴⁾	2,332	2,232
Interest income ⁽⁵⁾	<u>1,077</u>	<u>1,061</u>
Total income	3,409	3,293
Interest and financing expenses ⁽⁶⁾	<u>(220)</u>	<u>(229)</u>
Earnings before income taxes	<u>\$ 3,189</u>	<u>\$ 3,064</u>
Net earnings ⁽⁷⁾	<u>\$ 3,539</u>	<u>\$ 3,064</u>
Distributable cash ⁽⁸⁾	<u>\$ 3,199</u>	<u>\$ 3,055</u>
Distributions paid	<u>\$ 3,042</u>	<u>\$ 2,682</u>
Earnings before income taxes per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	<u>\$.329</u>	<u>\$.328</u>
Earnings per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	<u>\$.365</u>	<u>\$.328</u>
Distributable cash per Fund unit ⁽⁸⁾⁽⁹⁾	<u>\$.330</u>	<u>\$.328</u>
Distributions paid per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	<u>\$.314</u>	<u>\$.289</u>
Payout Ratio ⁽¹⁰⁾	<u>95.1%</u>	<u>87.8%</u>

Notes:

- ⁽¹⁾ The Fund, indirectly through the Partnership, earns royalty income equal to 4% of gross sales of Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool.
- ⁽²⁾ The Fund, indirectly through the Partnership, incurs administrative expenses and interest on an operating line of credit, to the extent utilized.
- ⁽³⁾ Represents the interest of KRL in the earnings of the Partnership from the Class A, entitled Class B, Class C and Class D Partnership units. The Class A, entitled Class B and Class D Partnership units are exchangeable into Fund units on a one-for-one basis.
- ⁽⁴⁾ The Fund directly earns equity income from its investment in the Partnership. The amount is calculated as the royalty income, less the Partnership's operating expenses less earnings attributable to KRL.
- ⁽⁵⁾ The Fund directly earns interest income on the \$57.0 million Keg Loan, with interest income accruing at 7.5% per annum, payable monthly.
- ⁽⁶⁾ The Fund directly incurs interest expense on the long-term debt and amortization of deferred financing charges.
- ⁽⁷⁾ Net earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2008 reflects the non-cash future income tax recovery of \$350,000.
- ⁽⁸⁾ Distributable cash is defined as Standardized Distributable Cash which is the periodic cash flows from operating activities as reported in the GAAP financial statements, including the effects of changes in non-cash working capital.
- ⁽⁹⁾ All per unit amounts are calculated based on the weighted average number of Fund units outstanding, which are those units held by public unitholders during the respective period. The weighted average numbers of Fund units outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 were 9,703,500 and 9,327,944 respectively.
- ⁽¹⁰⁾ Payout ratio is computed as the ratio of aggregate cash distributions paid during the period (numerator) to the aggregate Standardized Distributable Cash of the period (denominator).
- ⁽¹¹⁾ Same Store Sales Growth ("SSSG") is the overall increase in gross sales from Keg restaurants (that operated during the entire period of both the current and the prior year) as compared to gross sales for the same period of the prior year.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

(\$000's except per unit amounts)	Q1 2008	Q4 2007	Q3 2007	Q2 2007
Restaurants in the Royalty Pool	96	95	95	95
Gross sales reported by Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool	\$ 111,550	\$ 103,541	\$ 102,994	\$ 100,984
Royalty income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 4,488	\$ 4,246	\$ 4,211	\$ 4,110
Partnership expenses ⁽²⁾	(99)	(77)	(97)	(93)
Partnership earnings	4,389	4,169	4,114	4,017
KRL's interest ⁽³⁾	(2,057)	(1,919)	(2,016)	(1,835)
Equity income ⁽⁴⁾	2,332	2,250	2,098	2,182
Interest income ⁽⁵⁾	1,077	1,090	1,090	1,077
Total income	3,409	3,340	3,188	3,259
Interest and financing expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(220)	(240)	(242)	(232)
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 3,189	\$ 3,100	\$ 2,946	\$ 3,027
Net earnings ⁽⁷⁾	\$ 3,539	\$ 3,200	\$ 2,871	\$ 1,252
Distributable cash ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 3,199	\$ 2,940	\$ 3,183	\$ 3,022
Distributions paid	\$ 3,042	\$ 2,962	\$ 2,937	\$ 2,881
Earnings before income taxes per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	\$.329	\$.319	\$.304	\$.312
Earnings per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	\$.365	\$.330	\$.296	\$.129
Distributable cash per Fund unit ⁽⁸⁾⁽⁹⁾	\$.330	\$.303	\$.328	\$.311
Distributions paid per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	\$.314	\$.305	\$.303	\$.297
Payout Ratio ⁽¹⁰⁾	95.1%	100.8%	92.3%	95.3%
SSSG Canada ⁽¹¹⁾	6.2%	2.8%	9.5%	11.0%
SSSG United States ⁽¹¹⁾	(3.6)%	(2.2)%	1.9%	5.4%
SSSG Consolidated ⁽¹¹⁾	2.2%	(0.4)%	7.2%	9.7%
Restaurants Opened	1	--	--	--
Restaurants Closed	1	--	--	--
Restaurants Relocated	--	--	1	--
Net Restaurants Opened (Closed)	--	--	--	--
			Mar. 31, 2008	Dec. 31, 2007
Total assets			\$ 116,405	\$ 116,261
Total liabilities			15,413	16,770

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

(\$000's except per unit amounts)	Q1 2007	Q4 2006	Q3 2006	Q2 2006
Restaurants in the Royalty Pool	95	91	91	91
Gross sales reported by Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool	\$ 105,239	\$ 98,684	\$ 91,564	\$ 88,266
Royalty income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 4,260	\$ 4,038	\$ 3,734	\$ 3,564
Partnership expenses ⁽²⁾	(102)	(105)	(94)	(120)
Partnership earnings	4,158	3,933	3,640	3,444
KRL's interest ⁽³⁾	(1,926)	(1,876)	(1,880)	(1,726)
Equity income ⁽⁴⁾	2,232	2,057	1,760	1,718
Interest income ⁽⁵⁾	1,061	1,083	1,081	1,069
Total income	3,293	3,140	2,841	2,787
Interest and financing expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(229)	(234)	(235)	(226)
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 3,064	\$ 2,906	\$ 2,606	\$ 2,561
Net earnings ⁽⁷⁾	\$ 3,064	\$ 2,906	\$ 2,606	\$ 2,561
Distributable cash ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 3,055	\$ 2,636	\$ 2,735	\$ 2,812
Distributions paid	\$ 2,682	\$ 2,597	\$ 2,562	\$ 2,545
Earnings before income taxes per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	\$.328	\$.321	\$.288	\$.283
Earnings per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	\$.328	\$.321	\$.288	\$.283
Distributable cash per Fund unit ⁽⁸⁾⁽⁹⁾	\$.328	\$.291	\$.302	\$.311
Distributions paid per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	\$.289	\$.287	\$.283	\$.281
Payout Ratio ⁽¹⁰⁾	87.8%	98.5%	93.7%	90.5%
SSSG Canada ⁽¹¹⁾	8.1%	10.5%	8.9%	6.0%
SSSG United States ⁽¹¹⁾	3.8%	7.9%	7.1%	5.0%
SSSG Consolidated ⁽¹¹⁾	7.6%	9.6%	7.3%	3.7%
Restaurants Opened	1	--	3	--
Restaurants Closed	--	--	--	1
Restaurants Relocated	2	--	--	--
Net Restaurants Opened (Closed)	1	--	3	(1)

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

	Year Ended Dec. 31, 2007	Year Ended Dec. 31, 2006	Year Ended Dec. 31, 2005
(\$000's except per unit amounts)			
Restaurants in the Royalty Pool	95	91	86
Gross sales reported by Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool	<u>\$ 412,759</u>	<u>\$ 372,472</u>	<u>\$ 325,717</u>
Royalty income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 16,827	\$ 15,097	\$ 13,138
Partnership expenses ⁽²⁾	(369)	(456)	(441)
Partnership earnings	16,458	14,641	12,697
KRL's interest ⁽³⁾	(7,696)	(7,306)	(6,965)
Equity income ⁽⁴⁾	8,762	7,335	5,732
Interest income ⁽⁵⁾	4,318	4,289	4,281
Total income	13,080	11,624	10,013
Interest and financing expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(943)	(900)	(711)
Earnings before income taxes	<u>\$ 12,137</u>	<u>\$ 10,724</u>	<u>\$ 9,302</u>
Net earnings ⁽⁷⁾	<u>\$ 10,387</u>	<u>\$ 10,724</u>	<u>\$ 9,302</u>
Distributable cash ⁽⁸⁾	<u>\$ 12,199</u>	<u>\$ 10,510</u>	<u>\$ 8,799</u>
Distributions paid	<u>\$ 11,463</u>	<u>\$ 10,078</u>	<u>\$ 9,001</u>
Earnings before income taxes per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	<u>\$ 1.263</u>	<u>\$ 1.200</u>	<u>\$ 1.124</u>
Earnings per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	<u>\$ 1.081</u>	<u>\$ 1.200</u>	<u>\$ 1.124</u>
Distributable cash per Fund unit ⁽⁸⁾⁽⁹⁾	<u>\$ 1.269</u>	<u>\$ 1.176</u>	<u>\$ 1.063</u>
Distributions paid per Fund unit ⁽⁹⁾	<u>\$ 1.193</u>	<u>\$ 1.128</u>	<u>\$ 1.087</u>
Payout Ratio ⁽¹⁰⁾	<u>94.0%</u>	<u>95.9%</u>	<u>102.3%</u>
SSSG Canada ⁽¹¹⁾	7.3%	8.3%	3.4%
SSSG United States ⁽¹¹⁾	2.1%	7.2%	9.2%
SSSG Consolidated ⁽¹¹⁾	5.5%	6.9%	3.1%
Restaurants Opened	1	5	3
Restaurants Closed	--	2	1
Restaurants Relocated	3	--	--
Net Restaurants Opened (Closed)	1	3	2
	Dec. 31, 2007	Dec. 31, 2006	Dec. 31, 2005
Total assets	\$ 116,261	\$ 106,500	\$ 97,671
Total liabilities	16,770	14,863	14,836

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2008
As of May 12, 2008**

OVERVIEW

The Keg Royalties Income Fund (the “Fund”) is a limited purpose, open-ended trust which trades on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol KEG.UN. On May 31, 2002, as part of the Initial Public Offering (the “IPO”), the Fund, through its subsidiary The Keg Rights Limited Partnership (the “Partnership”), purchased The Keg trademarks and other related intellectual property (collectively, the “Keg Rights”) from Keg Restaurants Ltd. (“KRL”). The Partnership, in turn, granted KRL an exclusive licence to use the Keg Rights for a term of 99 years pursuant to a licence and royalty agreement, which obligates KRL to make monthly royalty payments to the Partnership equal to 4% of gross sales of Keg restaurants included in a specific royalty pool (the “Royalty Pool”).

The key feature of the Fund is that royalty income is based on the top-line, gross sales of Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool and not on the profitability of either KRL or the Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool. Moreover, the Fund is not subject to the variability of earnings or expenses associated with an operating business. The Fund’s only expenses are nominal administrative expenses and interest on non-amortizing term debt. Thus, the success of the Fund depends primarily on the ability of KRL to maintain and increase the gross sales of the Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool.

Increases in gross sales are derived from both same store sales growth from existing restaurants (“SSSG”) and from the addition of new Keg restaurants. SSSG is the key driver of growth in royalty income and, since the Fund’s expenses are relatively fixed in nature, SSSG results in growth in distributable cash which allows for higher distributions to the Fund’s unitholders. KRL has consistently generated SSSG through a combination of increased guest counts and increased guest average cheque. SSSG has been achieved by maintaining operational excellence within each Keg restaurant, innovative marketing and promotional programs, and pricing. Over the past decade, KRL’s SSSG has averaged 5.5% annually, a figure that compares very favourably against the restaurant industry as a whole. This consistent sales growth is one of the primary reasons that monthly cash distributions to the Fund’s unitholders have been increased 7 times since the Fund’s inception, including 3 times in 2007.

KRL’s interest in the earnings of the Partnership is from its ownership of Class A, entitled Class B, Class C and Class D Partnership units. The Class A, entitled Class B and Class D Partnership units are exchangeable into Fund units on a one-for-one basis in certain circumstances. KRL’s effective ownership of the Fund and its interest in the earnings of the Partnership has grown from 10.00% at the time of the IPO to 23.60% as of January 1, 2008. The change in KRL’s effective ownership of the Fund was the result of adding net sales to the Royalty Pool on an annual basis, in return for which KRL received the right to indirectly acquire additional Fund units. See “The Royalty Pool”. The total number of restaurants included in the Royalty Pool has increased from 80 Keg restaurants in existence at the time of the IPO to 96 as of January 1, 2008. This has resulted in a net increase in Royalty Pool sales of \$110.6 million and the issuance of 3,542,220 exchangeable units to KRL, as of the date hereof. KRL has exchanged a total of 1,550,000 Class B units for an equal amount of Fund units (increasing the number of issued and outstanding Fund units from 8,153,500 at the time of the IPO to 9,703,500 as of February 23, 2007) and sold these units through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

During 2005, the Partnership was determined to be a variable interest entity in accordance with the criteria established in the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants' ("CICA") Guideline, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities ("AcG-15"). As a result of this guideline, the Fund accounts for its investment in the Partnership on an equity basis and KRL consolidates the Partnership. Readers are advised that this is an accounting basis of presentation only and that earnings and distributable cash attributable to Fund unitholders are not impacted nor does this impact the contractual obligations between the Fund, and the Partnership, and KRL. The consolidated financial statements of the Fund therefore include the accounts of the Fund, its wholly-owned subsidiary The Keg Holdings Trust ("KHT") and its 90% owned subsidiary The Keg GP Ltd. ("KGP") (collectively, the "Companies"). KGP is the managing general partner of the Partnership. All residual ownership of the Companies is either directly or indirectly controlled by KRL.

On June 12, 2007, the Canadian federal government's legislation to tax publicly traded income trusts passed third reading in the House of Commons and thus the associated income tax became substantively enacted for accounting purposes. The legislation imposes a tax of 29.5% on distributions from Canadian public income trusts. The new tax is not expected to apply to the Fund until January 1, 2011 as a transition period applies to publicly traded trusts that existed prior to November 1, 2006. This rate was subsequently reduced to 28% for 2012 and later taxation years. Historically, the Fund had been exempt from recognizing future income tax assets and liabilities associated with temporary differences arising in the Fund and its equity accounted investment, The Keg Rights Limited Partnership. As a result of the substantive enactment of the new tax legislation, the Fund has recognized future income tax assets and liabilities that are expected to reverse subsequent to January 1, 2011. Future income tax expense is a non-cash item that does not affect cash flow.

THE ROYALTY POOL

Annually, on January 1st, the Royalty Pool is adjusted to include the gross sales from new Keg restaurants that have opened on or before October 2nd of the prior year, less gross sales from any Keg restaurants that have permanently closed during the preceding calendar year. In return for adding these net sales to the Royalty Pool, KRL receives the right to indirectly acquire additional Fund units (the "Additional Entitlement"). The Additional Entitlement is determined based on 92.5% of the estimated royalty revenue added to the Royalty Pool, divided by the yield of the Fund units. KRL receives 80% of the estimated Additional Entitlement initially, with the balance received on December 31st of each year when the actual full year performance of the new restaurants is known with certainty.

Readers should note that the number of restaurants added to the Royalty Pool each year may differ from the number of restaurant openings and closings reported by KRL on an annual basis, as the periods for which they are reported differ slightly.

The total number of Keg restaurants included in the Royalty Pool has increased from the 80 Keg restaurants in existence on March 31, 2002, to 95 as of December 31, 2007. Twenty-seven new Keg restaurants that opened during the period from April 1, 2002, through October 2, 2006, with annual gross sales of \$128.0 million have been added to the Royalty Pool. Twelve permanently closed Keg restaurants with annual sales of \$30.5 million have been removed from the Royalty Pool. This has resulted in a net increase in Royalty Pool sales of \$97.5 million annually and KRL receiving a cumulative Additional Entitlement equivalent to 3,311,525 Fund units as of December 31, 2007.

THE ROYALTY POOL (CONTINUED)

On January 1, 2008, four new Keg restaurants that opened during the period from October 3, 2006 through October 2, 2007 were added to the Royalty Pool. The gross sales of these four new restaurants have been estimated at \$20.5 million annually. Three permanently closed Keg restaurants with annual sales of \$7.4 million were removed from the Royalty Pool, resulting in an estimated net increase in Royalty Pool sales of \$13.1 million annually. The total number of restaurants in the Royalty Pool increased to 96. The yield of the Fund units was determined to be 8.54% calculated using a weighted average unit price of \$13.78. As a result of the contribution of the additional net sales to the Royalty Pool, and assuming 100% of the estimated Additional Entitlement is received, KRL's Additional Entitlement will be equivalent to 413,367 Fund units, being 3.23% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. On January 1, 2008, KRL received 80% of this entitlement representing the equivalent of 330,694 Fund units, being 2.60% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. KRL will also receive a proportionate increase in monthly distributions from the Partnership. Including the initial portion of the Additional Entitlement described above, KRL will have the right to exchange its units in the capital of the Partnership for 2,998,164 Fund units representing 23.60% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. The balance of the Additional Entitlement will be adjusted to be effective January 1, 2008 once the actual performance of the new restaurants has been confirmed. If KRL were to receive 100% of the estimated Additional Entitlement for 2008, it would have the right to exchange its Partnership units for 3,080,837 Fund units representing 24.10% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis.

DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

The Fund's objective is to provide consistent monthly distributions to unitholders at the highest sustainable level, and the Trustees of the Fund continue to review distribution levels on an ongoing basis to fulfill that objective. Since the inception of the Fund, monthly distributions to unitholders have been increased seven times from the original level of \$0.09 per unit at the time of the IPO to the current level of \$0.1065 per unit, an increase of 18.3%.

Year-to-date distributions were as follows:

Period	Payment Date	Per/Unit
January 1-31, 2008	February 29, 2008	10.35¢
February 1-28, 2008	March 31, 2008	10.65¢
March 1-31, 2008	April 30, 2008*	10.65¢

**Paid subsequent to the period*

Distributions paid during the year were funded entirely by cash flow from operations and no debt was incurred at any point during the year to fund distributions.

Since inception, the Fund has generated \$57,190,000 of distributable cash and has paid cumulative distributions of \$56,332,000, which resulted in a cumulative surplus of \$858,000. The cumulative payout ratio (the ratio of cumulative cash distributions paid since inception to the cumulative standardized distributable cash generated since inception) is 98.5%.

OWNERSHIP OF THE FUND

The ownership of the Fund on a fully diluted basis is as follows:

	Mar. 31, 2008 ⁽¹⁾		Mar. 31, 2007	
	#	%	#	%
Fund units held by public unitholders ⁽²⁾	9,703,500	76.40	9,703,500	79.93
Exchangeable Partnership units held by KRL: ⁽³⁾				
Class A units ⁽⁴⁾	905,944	7.13	905,944	7.46
Class B units ⁽⁵⁾	1,826,700	14.38	1,530,840	12.61
Class D units ⁽⁵⁾	<u>265,520</u>	<u>2.09</u>	-	-
Total Exchangeable Partnership units ⁽⁶⁾	<u>2,998,164</u>	<u>23.60</u>	<u>2,436,784</u>	<u>20.07</u>
 Total Fund and Exchangeable Partnership units.....	 <u>12,701,664</u>	 <u>100.00</u>	 <u>12,140,284</u>	 <u>100.00</u>

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Information is current as of March 31, 2008.

⁽²⁾ Represents the public's total effective ownership of the Fund as of March 31, 2008 and 2007. The public's average effective ownership of the Fund (based on the weighted average number of Fund units held by public unitholders during the respective period) was 76.40% during the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 76.83% during the three months ended March 31, 2007. The weighted average number of Fund units outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was 9,703,500 and for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was 9,327,944. On February 22, 2007, KRL exchanged 650,000 Class B units of the Partnership for an equal amount of Fund units, increasing the number of issued and outstanding Fund units to 9,703,500 and on February 23, 2007, sold these 650,000 Fund units through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

⁽³⁾ Exchangeable into Fund units on a one-for-one basis.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents KRL's initial 10% effective ownership of the Fund, prior to the entitlement to Class B or Class D units.

⁽⁵⁾ These exchangeable Partnership units are issued to KRL in return for adding net sales to the Royalty Pool on an annual basis. Class D units may only be issued to KRL after all Class B units have become fully entitled to proportionate distributions from the Partnership (which occurred on January 1, 2008). As of March 31, 2008, KRL is the registered holder of 1,826,700 Class B units and 265,520 Class D units (March 31, 2007 – 1,530,840 Class B units and Nil Class D units). Also included in these figures is 80% of the Additional Entitlement estimated at the beginning of each year, pursuant to which KRL received a proportionate increase in monthly distributions from the Partnership. The remaining 20% of KRL's Additional Entitlement to Class B or Class D units is adjusted retroactively to January 1st of each year once the actual sales performance of the new restaurants has been confirmed. KRL is not entitled to proportionate monthly distributions from the Partnership on the remaining 20% of KRL's Additional Entitlement until such time as the Additional Entitlement is adjusted retroactively at the end of each year.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents KRL's total effective ownership of the Fund as of March 31, 2008 and 2007. KRL's average effective ownership of the Fund (based on the weighted average number of Fund and exchangeable units held by KRL during the respective period) was 23.60% during the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 23.17% during the three months ended March 31, 2007.

SYSTEM SALES

While the Fund's income is indirectly based on a royalty of 4% of sales of Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool, the total system sales of The Keg chain are of interest to the Fund and its unitholders as the total system sales best reflect the chain's overall performance. The following table sets out The Keg's total system sales for the periods indicated below:

(\$000's)	13 weeks ended Mar. 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended Apr. 1, <u>2007</u>
Corporate Keg restaurants ⁽¹⁾	\$ 54,920	\$ 54,445
Franchised Keg restaurants ⁽²⁾	<u>56,680</u>	<u>52,515</u>
Total system sales	<u>\$ 111,600</u>	<u>\$ 106,960</u>

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The amount of system sales for the corporate Keg restaurants is the amount of gross sales from the corporate Keg restaurants only and excludes its proportionate share of gross sales from a joint venture restaurant located in Coquitlam, British Columbia.

⁽²⁾ The amount of system sales for the franchised Keg restaurants is the amount of gross sales reported to KRL by franchised Keg restaurants without independent audit and includes the gross sales of a joint venture restaurant located in Coquitlam, British Columbia.

System sales for the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008 were \$111.6 million compared to \$107.0 million for the 13 weeks ended April 1, 2007, an increase of \$4.6 million or 4.3%. During the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008, one new corporate restaurant was opened and one joint venture restaurant was closed. The closed restaurant, located in Coquitlam, British Columbia, was substantially damaged by fire in the prior year. The company has elected not to rebuild at the existing location, given the short remaining life of the lease, but instead relocate to a far superior site within the year. During the 13 weeks ended April 1, 2007, one new corporate restaurant was opened and one corporate and one franchised restaurant were relocated. As of March 30, 2008, there were a total of 96 Keg restaurants as compared with 96 Keg restaurants at April 1, 2007.

The Keg's same store sales (sales of restaurants that operated during the entire 13-week period of both the current year and the prior year) increased by 6.2% in Canada and decreased by 3.6% in the United States. After translating the sales of the U.S. restaurants into their Canadian dollar equivalent, consolidated same store sales for the comparable 13-week period increased by 2.2%. The average exchange rate moved from 1.17 in KRL's second quarter of fiscal 2007 to 1.00 in KRL's second quarter of fiscal 2008, significantly reducing the Canadian dollar equivalent of the U.S. restaurant sales.

OPERATING RESULTS

GROSS SALES

Gross sales reported by the restaurants in the Royalty Pool increased from \$105,239,000 to \$111,550,000 for the comparable quarter. The increase of \$6,311,000 or 6.0% reflects both the addition of net new sales to the Royalty Pool at the beginning of the year and the same store sales increases discussed previously.

ROYALTY INCOME

Royalty income earned by the Partnership increased by \$228,000 from \$4,260,000 in the first quarter of 2007 to \$4,488,000 in the first quarter of 2008, as a result of the increase in gross sales for the reasons explained previously.

PARTNERSHIP EXPENSES

Expenses incurred by the Partnership for the three months ended March 31, 2008 were \$99,000 and included general and administrative expenses of \$101,000, and interest income on the surplus cash balances of \$2,000. The decrease of \$3,000 over the comparable quarter in 2007 was due to a decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$3,000 due to the timing of certain expenditures.

KRL'S INTEREST

KRL's interest in the earnings of the Partnership from the Class A, entitled Class B, Class C and Class D Partnership units increased from \$1,926,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007, to \$2,057,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The increase of \$131,000 was primarily due to the increase in Partnership earnings as a result of the increased royalty income. In addition, KRL's average effective ownership interest in the Partnership increased from 23.17% during the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, to 23.60% during the three-month period ended March 31, 2008. The change in the average effective ownership of the Partnership during the period was a result of the sale of 650,000 Fund units owned by KRL on February 23, 2007, and the Additional Entitlement received by KRL on January 1, 2008.

EQUITY INCOME

The Fund's equity income from its investment in the Partnership increased from \$2,232,000 during the first quarter of 2007 to \$2,332,000 during the first quarter of 2008. The increase of \$100,000 is due to the net impact of the increase in royalty income of \$228,000, the decrease in Partnership expenses of \$3,000, and the increase in KRL's interest in the earnings of the Partnership of \$131,000.

INTEREST INCOME

Interest income earned by the Fund for the quarter was \$1,077,000 and included interest income on the Keg Loan of \$1,063,000 and other interest income of \$14,000. Interest income earned by the Fund on the Keg loan increased by \$9,000 during the quarter as 2008 is a leap year and the first quarter of the current year therefore included one extra day of interest income. Other interest income increased by \$7,000 due to larger surplus cash balances on hand during the quarter.

INTEREST AND FINANCING EXPENSES

Interest and financing expenses incurred by the Fund were \$220,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008, and included interest on the long-term debt of \$215,000 and amortization of deferred financing charges of \$5,000. Interest costs decreased by \$9,000 in the quarter as a result of a decrease in the average interest rate on the long-term debt from 6.50% in the first quarter of 2007 to 6.16% in the first quarter of 2008.

EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES

Earnings before income taxes increased by \$125,000 from \$3,064,000 (32.8 cents/Fund unit) in the first quarter of 2007 to \$3,189,000 (32.9 cents/Fund unit) in the first quarter of 2008.

FUTURE TAX RECOVERY

The future tax recovery for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was \$350,000 and nil for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The new tax legislation was not substantively enacted until June 12, 2007, so the Fund was not required to recognize future income tax liabilities until the second quarter of 2007.

NET EARNINGS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Net earnings increased by \$475,000 from \$3,064,000 (32.8 cents/Fund unit) in the first quarter of 2007 to \$3,539,000 (36.5 cents/Fund unit) in the first quarter of 2008 including the impact of the \$350,000 future income tax recovery discussed previously.

DISTRIBUTABLE CASH

Cash available for distribution to Fund unitholders increased by \$144,000 from \$3,055,000 (32.8 cents/Fund unit) to \$3,199,000 (33.0 cents/Fund unit) during the quarter. The difference between the Fund's earnings and distributable cash is due to non-cash items such as amortization and future income tax expense included in the Fund's net earnings, as well as changes in non-cash working capital balances.

DISTRIBUTIONS

Distributions of \$2,682,000 (28.9 cents/ Fund unit) were paid in the first quarter of 2007 and \$3,042,000 (31.4 cents/ Fund unit) in the first quarter of 2008.

LIQUIDITY & CAPITAL RESOURCES

It is the Fund's policy to distribute all available cash on a monthly basis in order to provide consistent returns to unitholders and to maximize those returns. Any increase in distributions in the future will be implemented in such a manner so as to maintain uniform monthly distributions.

TERM LOAN

The Keg Holdings Trust, a subsidiary of the Fund, has a \$14 million non-revolving term loan facility, which bears interest at bank prime plus 0.50% per annum. The facility was originally arranged during the IPO to partially finance the purchase of the Keg Rights from KRL, and to provide term debt as part of the capital structure. On September 26, 2006, this facility was refinanced, and the maturity date extended to April 3, 2011. Certain conditions must be maintained for the term loan to be in good standing, all of which have been met.

OPERATING LINE OF CREDIT

The Partnership, a subsidiary of the Fund, has a \$1 million operating line of credit, which bears interest at bank prime plus 0.25% per annum. This facility is used primarily to bridge timing differences between the receipt of the royalty payments and distributions on the Partnership securities. This operating line is also available for general working capital purposes, or if required, to help finance periodic differences between receipt of the royalty payment, (which may vary due to small seasonal variations in the gross sales of those restaurants in the Royalty Pool), and distributions to unitholders.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The CEO and CFO have designed or caused to be designed under their supervision, internal controls over financial reporting to provide reliable assurance regarding the reliability of the Fund's financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP. There have been no changes in the Fund's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this Management Discussion and Analysis that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Fund's internal control over financial reporting.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The Fund's only critical accounting estimate is the valuation of its investment in the Partnership. As the Partnership's only significant assets are intangible assets consisting of the Keg Rights, the valuation of the Fund's investment is based primarily upon the valuation of intangible assets in the Partnership. The Keg Rights are not amortized as they have an indefinite life. The Keg GP Ltd., as the general partner of the Partnership and administrator of the Fund, reviews the carrying values of the intangible assets in the Partnership and the Fund's investment at least annually, taking into consideration any events or circumstances which may have impaired the carrying values of these items. If permanent declines in the carrying amounts are determined, these items are written down to their estimated net recoverable amount. The Keg GP Ltd. believes that there have been no declines in either the carrying value of the intangible assets in the Partnership or in the carrying value of the Fund's investment in the Partnership as of March 31, 2008.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES

Effective January 1, 2008, the Fund has adopted the following new accounting standards that were issued by the CICA:

GENERAL STANDARDS ON FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Handbook Section 1400, *General Standards on Financial Statement Presentation*, requires the Fund to assess and disclose its ability to continue as a going concern. The Fund's adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Fund's consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL DISCLOSURE

Handbook Section 1535, *Capital Disclosures*, specifies requirements for the disclosure of: (i) an entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital; (ii) quantitative data about what the entity regards as capital; (iii) whether the entity has complied with any established capital requirements; and (iv) if it has not complied, the consequences of such non-compliance. The required disclosure is in note 10 of the Fund's interim consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Handbook Sections 3862 and 3863, *Financial Instruments – Disclosures* and *Financial Instruments – Presentation*, replace Handbook Section 3861, *Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation*, revise and enhance its disclosure requirements and carries forward its presentation requirements. These new sections place increased emphasis on disclosures about the nature and extent of risks arising from the financial instruments and how the entity manages those risks. The required disclosure is in notes 11 and 12 of the Fund's interim consolidated financial statements.

FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The CICA plans to converge Canadian GAAP with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") over a transition period expected to end in 2011. The impact of the transition to IFRS on the Fund's financial statements is not yet determinable.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Fund's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, note receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and the term loan. Due to the interrelationship between the note receivable from KRL and the Class C Partnership units held by KRL, it is not practicable to estimate the fair value of the note receivable with sufficient reliability. The Keg GP Ltd., as the general partner and administrator of the Fund, estimates that the fair value of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values. It is The Keg GP Ltd.'s opinion that the Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate or credit risk arising from these financial instruments.

OUTLOOK

Management of KRL has advised the Trustees that it intends to continue to focus on growing same store sales and to continue to expand the number of corporate and franchised restaurants in Canada and the United States. KRL management has also advised the Trustees that it believes that the strong same store sales growth KRL has delivered in the past will continue to be realized in the future through a combination of increased guest counts and increased guest average cheque. Advertising and promotions programs will continue to focus on food taste, quality and excellent service in a friendly atmosphere. Management of KRL has further advised the Trustees that it believes that continued Canadian market expansion will be leveraged by KRL's leading market position and national presence. Corporate market expansion in the United States will continue to focus on three target markets, specifically: Phoenix, Arizona; Denver, Colorado; and Dallas, Texas. KRL management has advised the Trustees that it intends to aggressively pursue franchising opportunities in the United States.

KRL continues to refurbish, and in some cases, relocate existing Keg restaurants in order to better serve its guests and to protect and enhance the strong leadership position The Keg brand has enjoyed for over thirty-five years. Management of

KRL has advised the Trustees that it has revised the number of restaurants it expects to open prior to October 2, 2008, primarily due to the late turnover of sites by landlords. Management of KRL has advised that it currently expects to open nine restaurants consisting of four corporate and two franchised restaurants in Canada, as well as two corporate and one franchised restaurant in the United States. Management of KRL has further advised the Trustees that it intends to open 30 new restaurants over the next ten years.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Fund continues to recognize certain risks and uncertainties associated with the ordinary course of business, including those associated with the business and operations of KRL, upon which the Fund relies solely for its income.

THE RESTAURANT INDUSTRY

The performance of the Fund is directly dependent upon the royalty and interest payments received from KRL. The amount of the royalty is dependent upon restaurant sales, which is subject to a number of factors that affect the restaurant industry generally, and the casual dining segment of the industry in particular. The casual dining segment of the restaurant industry is intensely competitive with respect to price, service, location and food quality. There are many well-established competitors, particularly in the United States with substantially greater financial and other resources than KRL. Competitors include national and regional chains, as well as individually owned restaurants. Recently, competition has increased in the mid-price, full-service, casual dining segment in which Keg restaurants operate. If KRL and the Keg franchisees are unable to successfully compete in the casual dining segment of the restaurant industry, sales may be adversely affected, the amount of the royalty reduced and the ability of KRL to pay the royalty or interest on the Keg Loan may be impaired. The restaurant business is also affected by changes in demographic trends, traffic patterns, and the type, number, and location of competing restaurants.

THE RESTAURANT INDUSTRY (CONTINUED)

In addition, factors such as inflation, increased food, labour and benefits costs, government regulations, smoking by-laws and the availability of experienced management and hourly employees may adversely affect the restaurant industry in general and therefore potentially KRL and its franchisees. Changing consumer preferences, discretionary spending patterns and factors affecting the availability of beef could force KRL to modify its restaurant content and menu and could result in a reduction of restaurant sales. Accordingly, this could impact the amount of the royalty and financial condition of KRL. Consumer preferences could be affected by health concerns about the consumption of beef, the primary item served at Keg restaurants, and specific events such as the outbreak of “mad cow disease” could reduce the available supply of beef or significantly raise the price of beef. KRL’s success also depends on numerous factors affecting discretionary consumer spending including economic conditions, disposable consumer income and consumer confidence. Adverse changes in these factors could reduce guest traffic or impose practical limits on pricing, either of which could reduce restaurant sales and operating income, which could adversely affect the royalty and the ability of KRL to pay the royalty, the make-whole payment or interest on the Keg Loan.

AVAILABILITY AND QUALITY OF RAW MATERIALS

Management of KRL has advised the Trustees that it continues to monitor the situation regarding the cases of BSE found in North America during the past several years. The widespread testing of herds confirms these are isolated cases; the risk to human health appears to be negligible. Most importantly to The Keg, there has been no significant negative consumer reaction to beef in North America and there has not been a material impact on its restaurant traffic. KRL management has further advised the Trustees that KRL has maintained an uninterrupted supply of quality beef that meets its demanding specifications despite the border closures and the unfortunate impact on cattle producers. Management of KRL has advised the Trustees that it expects the demand for beef to remain strong among consumers and its supply to continue uninterrupted.

FLUCTUATIONS IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

KRL presently has 18 restaurants located in the United States, 17 of which are corporately owned through its wholly owned subsidiaries, and one of which is franchised. Keg restaurants located in the United States generate sales in United States dollars, which must be translated into their Canadian dollar equivalent for Fund reporting purposes. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates will affect the Canadian dollar equivalent of the sales of the restaurants located in the United States, which will affect the amount of the royalty.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

The information provided in this report includes forward-looking statements with respect to business plans, activities and events anticipated by the Fund and the Fund’s future results. Although the Fund believes the assumptions underlying such statements to be reasonable, any of the assumptions may prove to be inaccurate and, as a result, the forward-looking information may prove to be incorrect. The forward-looking information contained in this document is current only as of the date of this document. There should not be an expectation that such information will in all circumstances be updated, supplemented or revised whether as a result of new information, changing circumstances, future events or otherwise.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information about the Fund including the Fund’s most recent annual information form is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

UNITHOLDER INFORMATION

CORPORATE HEAD OFFICE

The Keg Royalties Income Fund
10100 Shellbridge Way
Richmond, BC V6X 2W7

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

C. C. Woodward
George Killy
George Tidball

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS OF THE KEG GP LTD., THE GENERAL PARTNER OF THE KEG RIGHTS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

C. C. Woodward*
Chairman and Director
David Aisenstat
President and Director
Neil Maclean
Secretary, Treasurer and Director
George Killy*
Director
George Tidball*
Director

* Audit Committee and Governance Committee Member

REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Computershare Trust Company of Canada

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Toronto Stock Exchange: KEG.UN

INVESTOR ENQUIRIES

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Website: www.kegincomefund.com

THE KEG ROYALTIES INCOME FUND

CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	March 31, 2008 (unaudited)	December 31, 2007
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 1,455	\$ 1,298
Due from Keg Restaurants Ltd. (note 6)	362	363
Due from The Keg Rights Limited Partnership (note 7)	163	1,097
	1,980	2,758
Note receivable from Keg Restaurants Ltd.	57,000	57,000
Investment in The Keg Rights Limited Partnership (note 3)	57,425	56,503
	\$ 116,405	\$ 116,261
 LIABILITIES AND UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Interest payable on term loan	\$ 69	\$ 77
Distributions payable to Fund unitholders	-	1,004
	69	1,081
Term loan, net of deferred financing charges	13,944	13,939
Future income taxes	1,400	1,750
Unitholders' equity:		
Capital contributions (note 8)	100,014	100,014
Retained earnings (deficit)	978	(523)
	100,992	99,491
	\$ 116,405	\$ 116,261

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Trustees

“C.C. Woodward”
C.C. Woodward, Trustee

“George Tidball”
George Tidball, Trustee

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in thousands of dollars, except unit and per unit amounts - unaudited)

	January 1 to March 31, <u>2008</u>	January 1 to March 31, <u>2007</u>
Revenue:		
Equity income (note 3)	\$ 2,332	\$ 2,232
Interest income	<u>1,077</u>	<u>1,061</u>
	3,409	3,293
Expenses:		
Interest and financing fees	(215)	(224)
Amortization of deferred financing charges	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(5)</u>
	<u>(220)</u>	<u>(229)</u>
Earnings before income taxes	3,189	3,064
Future income tax recovery	<u>350</u>	<u>-</u>
Net earnings and comprehensive income for the period	<u>\$ 3,539</u>	<u>\$ 3,064</u>
Weighted average units outstanding (note 8)	<u>9,703,500</u>	<u>9,327,944</u>
Basic and diluted earnings per unit	<u>\$ 0.36</u>	<u>\$ 0.33</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

(Expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

	January 1 to March 31, <u>2008</u>	January 1 to March 31, <u>2007</u>
Retained earnings (deficit), beginning of period	\$ (523)	\$ 691
Net earnings	3,539	3,064
Distributions declared to Fund unitholders	<u>(2,038)</u>	<u>(1,817)</u>
Retained earnings, end of period	<u>\$ 978</u>	<u>\$ 1,938</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

	January 1 to March 31, <u>2008</u>	January 1 to March 31, <u>2007</u>
Cash provided by (used for):		
OPERATIONS:		
Net earnings for the period	\$ 3,539	\$ 3,064
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of deferred financing charges	5	5
Equity income (note 3)	(2,332)	(2,232)
Future income tax recovery	(350)	-
Distributions from The Keg Rights Limited Partnership	1,410	1,264
Change in non-cash operating working capital (note 13(a))	<u>927</u>	<u>954</u>
	3,199	3,055
FINANCING:		
Distributions paid to Fund unitholders	<u>(3,042)</u>	<u>(2,682)</u>
Increase in cash.....	157	373
Cash, beginning of period	<u>1,298</u>	<u>562</u>
Cash, end of period	<u>\$ 1,455</u>	<u>\$ 935</u>

See note 13(b) for supplementary cash flow information.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The Keg Royalties Income Fund (the "Fund") prepares its interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") on a basis consistent with those used and described in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, except as described below in note 2. The disclosures contained in these interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the requirements of Canadian GAAP for annual financial statements.

These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007.

2. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Effective January 1, 2008, the Fund has adopted the following new accounting standards that were issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants:

(a) General standards on financial statement presentation:

Handbook Section 1400, *General Standards on Financial Statement Presentation*, requires the Fund to assess and disclose its ability to continue as a going concern. The Fund's adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on disclosure in the Fund's consolidated financial statements.

(b) Capital disclosure:

Handbook Section 1535, *Capital Disclosures*, specifies requirements for the disclosure of: (i) an entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital; (ii) quantitative data about what the entity regards as capital; (iii) whether the entity has complied with any established capital requirements; and (iv) if it has not complied, the consequences of such non-compliance (note 10).

(c) Financial instruments:

Handbook Sections 3862 and 3863, *Financial Instruments – Disclosures* and *Financial Instruments – Presentation*, replace Handbook Section 3861, *Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation*, revise and enhance its disclosure requirements and carries forward its presentation requirements. These new sections place increased emphasis on disclosures about the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and how the entity manages those risks (notes 11 and 12).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

3. EQUITY INVESTMENT:

	March 31, <u>2008</u>	December 31, <u>2007</u>
Investment in the Partnership, at cost	\$ 56,669	\$ 56,669
Accumulated equity earnings less distributions received, beginning of period	(166)	(242)
Equity income in the Partnership	2,332	8,762
Distributions from the Partnership	<u>(1,410)</u>	<u>(8,686)</u>
Equity investment in the Partnership	<u>\$ 57,425</u>	<u>\$ 56,503</u>

The Keg Rights Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") owns the trademarks, trade names, operating procedures and systems and other intellectual property (collectively, the "Keg Rights") used in connection with the operation of Keg steakhouse restaurants and bars.

The Fund, through its ownership of The Keg Holdings Trust ("KHT"), holds all of the issued and outstanding Limited Partnership units ("LP units"), 1,550,000 Class B units and 99% of the General Partnership units ("GP units") of the Partnership through its 90% interest in The Keg GP Ltd.

Summarized financial information of the Partnership is as follows:

	March 31, <u>2008</u>	December 31, <u>2007</u>
Current assets	\$ 1,895	\$ 2,112
Long-term assets, being Keg Rights	<u>140,156</u>	<u>135,927</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 142,051</u>	<u>\$ 138,039</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 417	\$ 2,290
Partners' equity	<u>141,634</u>	<u>135,749</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 142,051</u>	<u>\$ 138,039</u>

	January 1 to March 31, <u>2008</u>	January 1 to March 31, <u>2007</u>
System sales reported by Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool	<u>\$ 111,550</u>	<u>\$ 105,239</u>
Royalty income at 4% of system sales reported above	\$ 4,462	\$ 4,210
Make-whole payment, based on 4% of lost system sales	<u>26</u>	<u>50</u>
Total royalty income	4,488	4,260
Expenses	<u>(99)</u>	<u>(102)</u>
Net earnings of the Partnership for the period	4,389	4,158
KRL's interest in the net earnings of the Partnership.....	<u>(2,057)</u>	<u>(1,926)</u>
Equity income for the period	<u>\$ 2,332</u>	<u>\$ 2,232</u>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

4. ROYALTY POOL:

Annually, on January 1, the Keg restaurants on which KRL pays a royalty to the Partnership (the "Royalty Pool") is adjusted to include the gross sales from new Keg restaurants that have opened on or before October 2 of the prior year, less gross sales from any Keg restaurants that have permanently closed during the preceding calendar year. In return for adding these net sales to the Royalty Pool, KRL receives the right to indirectly acquire additional Fund units (the "Additional Entitlement"). The Additional Entitlement is determined based on 92.5% of the estimated royalty revenue added to the Royalty Pool, divided by the yield of the Fund units. KRL receives 80% of the estimated Additional Entitlement initially, with the balance received on December 31 of each year when the actual full year performance of the new restaurants is known with certainty.

The gross sales reported by the 96 Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool are from January 1 to March 31, 2008 (January 1 to March 31, 2007 – 95 Keg restaurants).

The royalty payment from KRL to the Partnership is four percent of system sales for such period reported by Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool plus a make-whole payment, if required by a restaurant closure, based on four percent of lost system sales. System sales for any period and for any Keg restaurant located in Canada and the United States, as defined in the Licence and Royalty Agreement, means the gross sales by such Keg restaurants for such period. The make-whole payment is based on one restaurant closure for the period from January 1 to March 31, 2008 (January 1 to March 31, 2007 – two restaurant closures).

On January 1, 2008, four new Keg restaurants that opened during the period from October 3, 2006 to October 2, 2007 were added to the Royalty Pool. The gross sales of these four new restaurants have been estimated at \$20.5 million annually. Three permanently closed Keg restaurants with annual sales of \$7.4 million have been removed from the Royalty Pool, resulting in an estimated net increase in Royalty Pool sales of \$13.1 million annually. The yield of the Fund Units was determined to be 8.54% calculated using a weighted average unit price of \$13.78.

As a result of the contribution of the additional net sales to the Royalty Pool, and assuming 100% of the estimated Additional Entitlement is received, KRL's Additional Entitlement will be equivalent to 413,367 Fund units, being 3.23% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. On January 1, 2008, KRL received 80% of this entitlement representing the equivalent of 330,694 Fund units, being 2.60% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. KRL will also receive a proportionate increase in monthly distributions from the Partnership. Including the initial portion of Additional Entitlement described above, KRL has the right to exchange its units in the capital of the Partnership for 2,998,164 Fund units, representing 23.60% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. The balance of the Additional Entitlement will be adjusted to be effective January 1, 2008 once the actual performance of the new restaurants have been confirmed. If KRL were to receive 100% of the estimated Additional Entitlement for 2008, it would have the right to exchange its Partnership Units for 3,080,837 Fund units, representing 24.10% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars, except unit and per unit amounts - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

5. UNITHOLDER DISTRIBUTIONS:

	January 1 to March 31, <u>2008</u>	January 1 to March 31, <u>2007</u>
Distributions declared to Fund unitholders	\$ <u>2,038</u>	\$ <u>1,817</u>
Weighted average Fund units outstanding (note 8(a)).....	<u>9,703,500</u>	<u>9,327,944</u>
Weighted average distributions declared per unit	\$ <u>0.21</u>	\$ <u>0.19</u>

Annually, two distributions are expected to be declared during the first quarter, three distributions in each of the second and third quarters and four distributions in the fourth quarter. This is done to ensure that the distribution based on December KRL Royalty Pool system sales, which is paid the following month in January, is recorded in the period it was earned for income tax purposes. The determination to declare and make payable distributions from the Fund are at the discretion of the board of Trustees of the Fund and until declared payable, the Fund has no requirement to pay cash distributions to Fund unitholders.

6. DUE FROM KEG RESTAURANTS LTD.:

	March 31, <u>2008</u>	December 31, <u>2007</u>
Interest on note receivable from Keg Restaurants Ltd.	\$ <u>362</u>	\$ <u>363</u>

The above amounts were received when due from KRL subsequent to the end of the above periods to facilitate the following month's distribution to Fund unitholders.

7. DUE FROM THE KEG RIGHTS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP:

The amounts due from the Partnership are working capital items owing to the Fund or its subsidiaries and are in the normal course of operations.

8. UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY:

On May 31, 2002, the Fund issued 8,153,500 Fund units at \$10.00 per unit pursuant to a public underwriting. Expenses of the offering amounted to \$2,150,000 and were charged to unitholders' equity.

On July 4, 2005, the Fund issued 250,000 Fund units to KRL in exchange for 250,000 Class B units. The fair value of these units was approximately \$13.25 which resulted in an additional \$3,312,500 recorded as unitholders' equity. Thereafter, on July 6, 2005, KRL sold these 250,000 Fund units through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars, except unit amounts - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

8. UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED):

On March 9, 2006, the Fund issued 650,000 Fund units to KRL in exchange for 650,000 Class B units. The fair value of these units was approximately \$12.69 which resulted in an additional \$8,248,500 recorded as unitholders' equity. Thereafter, on March 14, 2006, KRL sold these 650,000 Fund units through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

On February 22, 2007, the Fund issued 650,000 Fund units to KRL in exchange for 650,000 Class B units. The fair value of these units was approximately \$13.95 which resulted in an additional \$9,067,500 recorded as unitholders' equity. Thereafter, on February 23, 2007, KRL sold these 650,000 Fund units through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

The declaration of trust of the Fund provides that an unlimited number of Fund units may be issued. Each Fund unit is transferable and represents an equal undivided beneficial interest in any distributions of the Fund and in the net assets of the Fund. All units have equal rights and privileges. Each Fund unit entitles the holder thereof to participate equally in the allocations and distributions and to one vote at all meetings of Fund unitholders for each whole Fund unit held. The Fund units issued are not subject to future calls or assessments.

Fund units are redeemable at any time at the option of the holder at a price based on market value as defined in the trust agreement, subject to a maximum of \$50,000 in cash redemptions by the Fund in any one month. The limitation may be waived at the discretion of the Trustees of the Fund. Redemption in excess of these amounts, assuming no waiving of the limitation, shall be paid by way of a pro-rata distribution of Partnership securities held by the Fund.

9. EXCHANGEABLE UNITS:

In return for adding net sales to the Royalty Pool, KRL has received the following Partnership units that are exchangeable into Fund units:

	March 31, <u>2008</u>	December 31, <u>2007</u>
Class A Partnership units (a)	905,944	905,944
Class B Partnership units (b)	1,826,700	1,761,525
Class D Partnership units (c)	<u>265,520</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>2,998,164</u>	<u>2,667,469</u>

Pursuant to the declaration of trust, the holders (other than the Fund or its subsidiaries) of the Class A Partnership units ("Class A units"), Class B Partnership units ("Class B units") and Class D Partnership units ("Class D units") are entitled to vote in all votes of Fund unitholders as if they were holders of the number of Fund units they would receive if Class A, entitled Class B and Class D units were exchanged into Fund units as of the record date of such votes, and will be treated in all respects as Fund unitholders for the purpose of any such votes.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

9. EXCHANGEABLE UNITS (CONTINUED):

- (a) The Class A units are entitled to a preferential proportionate distribution equal to the distribution on the Class C Partnership units ("Class C units"), multiplied by the number of Class A units divided by the number of LP Partnership units ("LP units") issued and outstanding. KHT holds all of the 8,153,500 LP units issued and outstanding at March 31, 2008. In addition, the Class A units receive a residual distribution proportionately with the Class B units, LP units and GP units relative to the aggregate number of each class issued and outstanding (or in the case of the Class B units and Class D units, the number issued and outstanding multiplied by the Class B and Class D current distribution entitlement, respectively). Class A units are exchangeable for Fund units on the basis of one Fund unit for one Class A unit.
- (b) The Class B units are entitled to a preferential proportionate distribution and a residual distribution based on the incremental royalty paid to the Partnership from new Keg restaurants. The distribution entitlements of the Class B units are adjusted annually on January 1 until such date that all Class B units have received entitlement (the "Class B Termination Date"). Concurrent with the January 1, 2008 roll-in, the Class B Termination Date was reached and the last of the Class B units became entitled. Class B units held by KRL are exchangeable for Fund units based upon a defined calculation that itself is based on system sales from new restaurants. As at March 31, 2008, 1,826,700 (December 31, 2007 – 1,761,525) Class B units held by KRL receive a distribution entitlement.
- (c) The Class D units are entitled to a preferential proportionate distribution and a residual distribution based on the incremental royalty paid to the Partnership from new Keg restaurants. The distribution entitlements of the Class D units are adjusted annually on January 1. Class D units held by KRL are exchangeable for Fund units based upon a defined calculation that itself is based on system sales from new restaurants. As at March 31, 2008, 265,520 (December 31, 2007 – nil) Class D units held by KRL receive a distribution entitlement. Class D units are issued subsequent to the Class B Termination Date and are identical to Class B units except that the Trustees of KHT can require KRL to surrender any or all of the issued Class D units for a price that is equal to the one originally used in the formula to calculate the number of units issued.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

10. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE:

The Fund's objectives in managing its capital, which it defines as unitholders' equity, are:

- To safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern;
- To provide financial capacity and flexibility to meet its strategic objectives;
- To provide adequate return to unitholders commensurate with the level of risk; and
- To distribute excess cash through distributions.

The Fund defines its capital as the balance of unitholders' equity.

The Fund maintains financial policies and manages its liquidity and capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes to economic conditions, the underlying risks inherent in its operations and capital requirement to maintain and grow its operations.

The Fund is not subject to any statutory capital requirements and has no commitments to sell or otherwise issue shares, other than the commitment to exchange Class A, Class B and Class D units held by KRL for Fund units (note 9).

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

The Fund classified its financial instruments as follows:

- Cash as *held-for-trading*, which is measured at fair value.
- Amounts due from KRL and the Partnership and the note receivable from KRL as *loans and receivables*, which are initially measured at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost.
- Interest payable on term loan and distributions payable to Fund unitholders as *other financial liabilities*, which are measured at amortized cost.
- The requirement for the Fund to settle its note receivable from KRL in exchange for Class C units is classified as a *derivative instrument*. The Fund has reviewed the net impact of this potential exchange requirement on its cash flows and has determined there is no significant value applicable to this feature.

The fair values of the amounts due from KRL and the Partnership, interest payable on term loan and distributions payable to Fund unitholders approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk as they relate to the Fund's identified financial instruments.

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk is defined by the Fund as an unexpected loss in cash and earnings if the other party is unable to pay its obligations in due time. The Fund's exposure to credit risk arises from its amounts due from KRL and the Partnership and the note receivable from KRL, which are consolidated in KRL's financial statements. The Fund monitors this risk through its regular review of the operating and financing activities of KRL. Since its inception, the Fund has never failed to collect its receivables on a timely basis.

The performance of the Fund is directly dependent upon the royalty and interest payments received from KRL. The amount of the royalty received from KRL is dependent on various factors that may affect the casual dining sector of the restaurant industry. The restaurant industry generally, and in particular the casual dining sector, is intensely competitive with respect to price, service, location and food quality. If KRL and the Keg franchisees are unable to successfully compete in the casual dining sector, sales may be adversely affected, the amount of royalty reduced and the ability of KRL to pay the royalty or interest on the loan from KRL to the Fund may be impacted.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk results from the Fund's potential inability to meet its financial liabilities. Beyond effective net working capital and cash management, the Fund constantly monitors the operations and cash flows of the Partnership to ensure that current and future distributions to unitholders will be met.

The Fund's capital resources are compromised of cash and cash flow from operating activities.

The Fund is subject to certain guarantor covenants and reporting requirements arising from the Partnership's undrawn \$1 million operating line of credit and KHT's \$14 million term loan.

(c) Interest rate risk:

The Fund's interest rate risk exposure is mainly related to an interest-bearing note receivable from KRL and the \$14 million term loan. As the note receivable from KRL has a fixed rate of 7.5%, is from a related party and is due on May 31, 2042, the Fund does not perform interest rate risk management to minimize the overall financial interest rate risk on this financial instrument. The term loan requires interest payments at bank prime plus 0.5% and net earnings would change by approximately \$17,500 during the quarter if the prime rate changed by 0.5%.

(d) Foreign currency exchange rate risk:

The Fund is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk as a result of the translation of KRL's US dollar sales into Canadian dollars for the purposes of calculating the monthly royalty. Based on the US dollar sales of Keg restaurants included in the Royalty Pool for the three months ended March 31, 2008, a 100 basis point change in the US dollar exchange rate would result in an approximate \$145,000 and \$6,000 change in Royalty Pool sales and royalty revenue, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

13. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

	January 1 to March 31, <u>2008</u>	January 1 to March 31, <u>2007</u>
(a) Change in non-cash operating working capital:		
Due from Keg Restaurants Ltd.	\$ 1	\$ -
Due from The Keg Rights Limited Partnership	934	954
Interest payable on term loan	<u>(8)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 927</u>	<u>\$ 954</u>
(b) Supplementary information:		
Interest received	\$ 1,078	\$ 1,061
Interest paid	223	224
Non-cash transactions:		
Issuance of Fund units to acquire additional interest in the Partnership ..	-	9,068

KEG RESTAURANTS LTD.

SECOND QUARTER REPORT
For the 13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008

Provided as a supplement to the consolidated financial statements of
The Keg Royalties Income Fund

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table sets out selected financial information and other data of Keg Restaurants Ltd. (“KRL”), which should be read in conjunction with the attached unaudited, consolidated financial statements of KRL for the 13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF KRL

	13 weeks ended Mar. 30, 2008	13 weeks ended Apr. 1, 2007	26 weeks ended Mar. 30, 2008	26 weeks ended Apr. 1, 2007
	(in thousands of dollars)			
System sales ⁽¹⁾	\$ 111,600	\$ 106,960	\$ 220,495	\$ 213,317
Corporate restaurant sales ⁽²⁾	\$ 54,920	\$ 54,445	\$ 109,653	\$ 107,911
Corporate restaurant costs ⁽³⁾	<u>(45,046)</u>	<u>(44,247)</u>	<u>(89,181)</u>	<u>(86,986)</u>
Corporate restaurant profit	9,874	10,198	20,472	20,925
Retail operating contribution (loss) ⁽⁴⁾	10	(24)	(31)	(63)
Franchise fee income	2,746	2,607	5,383	5,163
General and administrative expenses ⁽⁵⁾	<u>(5,409)</u>	<u>(4,628)</u>	<u>(10,317)</u>	<u>(9,406)</u>
Operating earnings	7,221	8,153	15,507	16,619
Partnership expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(99)	(102)	(176)	(207)
Non-controlling interest ⁽⁷⁾	(2,332)	(2,232)	(4,582)	(4,289)
Gain on sale of Class B units ⁽⁸⁾	-	964	-	964
Executive bonus ⁽⁹⁾	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
EBITDA ⁽¹⁰⁾	4,790	6,783	10,749	13,087
Non-cash expenses ⁽¹¹⁾	(2,560)	(2,425)	(5,066)	(4,690)
Interest ⁽¹²⁾	<u>(1,408)</u>	<u>(1,409)</u>	<u>(2,853)</u>	<u>(2,860)</u>
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	822	2,949	2,830	5,537
Income tax recovery (expense)	<u>(59)</u>	<u>(1,788)</u>	<u>(652)</u>	<u>(936)</u>
Net earnings (loss)	<u>\$ 763</u>	<u>\$ 1,161</u>	<u>\$ 2,178</u>	<u>\$ 4,601</u>

Notes:

- (1) Represents the gross sales of all restaurants owned by KRL and the gross sales reported to KRL by franchised Keg restaurants without independent audit.
- (2) Includes gross sales for all restaurants owned by KRL and its proportionate share of gross sales from a joint venture restaurant located in Coquitlam, BC.
- (3) Includes food and beverage costs, staff and management labour costs, as well as premises costs for all restaurants owned by KRL and its proportionate share of restaurant costs from a joint venture located in Coquitlam, B.C.
- (4) Represents the revenue net of related expenses of a wholly owned subsidiary, which sells Keg branded food and liquor products.
- (5) Includes marketing and advertising expenses, net of franchise contributions, as well as general and administrative costs associated with the operation of KRL in providing services to the corporate and franchised Keg restaurants.
- (6) Includes administrative expenses and interest on an operating line of credit, to the extent utilized, incurred directly by The Keg Rights Limited Partnership (the "Partnership").
- (7) Represents the earnings of the Partnership attributable to the public unitholders of The Keg Royalties Income Fund (the "Fund") from the Fund's investment in the Partnership. The amount is calculated as the royalty income earned by the Partnership from KRL, less Partnership expenses, and less earnings of the Partnership attributable to KRL from its ownership of Class A, entitled Class B, Class C and Class D Partnership units.
- (8) On February 22, 2007, KRL exchanged 650,000 Class B units of the Partnership for an equal number of Fund units and on February 23, 2007, sold those Fund units. A gain on sale was realized as the net proceeds received from the sale of those Fund units exceeded the weighted average cost of the units sold.
- (9) The Executive bonus is a discretionary expense applicable to certain Executive members and is based on several criteria, including the profitability of KRL and the performance of the Fund.
- (10) EBITDA is earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment. EBITDA is not a recognized measure under Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
- (11) Includes amortization, net of amortization on the deferred gain, as well as gains or losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment.
- (12) Includes interest paid to third parties, net of interest earned, and interest paid on the \$57.0 million note payable to the Fund.
- (13) The interim financial results for all periods presented herein have not been reviewed by our auditors.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Q2 2008	Q1 2008	Q4 2007	Q3 2007
	(in thousands of dollars)			
System sales ⁽¹⁾	\$ 111,600	\$ 108,895	\$ 107,423	\$ 104,941
Corporate restaurant sales ⁽²⁾	\$ 54,920	\$ 54,732	\$ 51,851	\$ 52,593
Corporate restaurant costs ⁽³⁾	(45,046)	(44,135)	(43,979)	(44,289)
Corporate restaurant profit	9,874	10,597	7,872	8,304
Retail operating contribution (loss) ⁽⁴⁾	10	(40)	48	37
Franchise fee income	2,746	2,637	2,697	2,539
General and administrative expenses ⁽⁵⁾	(5,409)	(4,908)	(4,775)	(5,208)
Operating earnings	7,221	8,286	5,842	5,672
Partnership expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(99)	(77)	(97)	(93)
Non-controlling interest ⁽⁷⁾	(2,332)	(2,250)	(2,098)	(2,182)
Gain on sale of Class B units ⁽⁸⁾	-	-	-	-
Executive bonus ⁽⁹⁾	-	-	(500)	-
EBITDA ⁽¹⁰⁾	4,790	5,959	3,147	3,397
Non-cash expenses ⁽¹¹⁾	(2,560)	(2,506)	(1,898)	(2,533)
Interest ⁽¹²⁾	(1,408)	(1,444)	(1,394)	(1,384)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	822	2,009	(145)	(520)
Income tax recovery (expense)	(59)	(594)	(325)	(159)
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 763	\$ 1,415	\$ (470)	\$ (679)
	Q2 2007	Q1 2007	Q4 2006	Q3 2006
	(in thousands of dollars)			
System sales ⁽¹⁾	\$ 106,960	\$ 106,357	\$ 97,972	\$ 91,750
Corporate restaurant sales ⁽²⁾	\$ 54,445	\$ 53,466	\$ 47,172	\$ 46,168
Corporate restaurant costs ⁽³⁾	(44,247)	(42,739)	(40,409)	(39,523)
Corporate restaurant profit	10,198	10,727	6,763	6,645
Retail operating contribution (loss) ⁽⁴⁾	(24)	(39)	(16)	113
Franchise fee income	2,607	2,556	2,455	2,192
General and administrative expenses ⁽⁵⁾	(4,628)	(4,779)	(3,526)	(4,202)
Operating earnings	8,153	8,465	5,676	4,748
Partnership expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(102)	(105)	(94)	(120)
Non-controlling interest ⁽⁷⁾	(2,232)	(2,057)	(1,760)	(1,718)
Gain on sale of Class B units ⁽⁸⁾	964	-	-	-
Executive bonus ⁽⁹⁾	-	-	(500)	-
EBITDA ⁽¹⁰⁾	6,783	6,303	3,322	2,910
Non-cash expenses ⁽¹¹⁾	(2,425)	(2,265)	(2,677)	(2,450)
Interest ⁽¹²⁾	(1,409)	(1,450)	(1,478)	(1,479)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	2,949	2,588	(833)	(1,019)
Income tax recovery (expense)	(1,788)	852	85	6
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 1,161	\$ 3,440	\$ (748)	\$ (1,013)

SELECTED ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF KRL

	52 weeks ended Mar. 30, 2008	52 weeks ended Sept. 30, 2007	52 weeks ended Oct. 1, 2006	52 weeks ended Oct. 2, 2005
	(in thousands of dollars)			
System sales ⁽¹⁾	\$ 432,859	\$ 425,681	\$ 380,181	\$ 344,531
Corporate restaurant sales ⁽²⁾	\$ 214,096	\$ 212,355	\$ 191,195	\$ 178,449
Corporate restaurant costs ⁽³⁾	<u>(177,449)</u>	<u>(175,254)</u>	<u>(160,550)</u>	<u>(153,846)</u>
Corporate restaurant profit	36,647	37,101	30,645	24,603
Retail operating contribution (loss) ⁽⁴⁾	55	23	42	61
Franchise fee income	10,619	10,399	9,108	7,937
General and administrative expenses ⁽⁵⁾	<u>(20,300)</u>	<u>(19,390)</u>	<u>(16,354)</u>	<u>(14,941)</u>
Operating earnings	27,021	28,133	23,441	17,660
Partnership expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(366)	(397)	(440)	(445)
Non-controlling interest ⁽⁷⁾	(8,862)	(8,569)	(6,883)	(5,534)
Gain on sale of Class B units ⁽⁸⁾	-	964	713	686
Executive Bonus ⁽⁹⁾	<u>(500)</u>	<u>(500)</u>	<u>(500)</u>	<u>(500)</u>
EBITDA ⁽¹⁰⁾	17,293	19,631	16,331	11,867
Non-cash expenses ⁽¹¹⁾	(9,497)	(9,121)	(9,512)	(9,596)
Interest ⁽¹²⁾	<u>(5,630)</u>	<u>(5,637)</u>	<u>(6,172)</u>	<u>(5,849)</u>
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	2,166	4,873	647	(3,578)
Income tax recovery (expense)	<u>(1,137)</u>	<u>(1,420)</u>	<u>753</u>	<u>893</u>
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 1,029	\$ 3,453	\$ (106)	\$ (2,685)
<hr/>				
	Mar. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007	Oct. 1, 2006	Oct. 2, 2005
Total assets	\$ 123,071	\$ 113,125	\$ 104,126	\$ 95,362
Total long-term liabilities	129,351	129,651	125,345	114,280

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the 13 and 26 Weeks Ended March 30, 2008
As of May 14, 2008

OVERVIEW

Keg Restaurants Ltd. (“KRL”) is the owner/operator and franchisor of casual dining steakhouse restaurants operating under the trade name “The Keg Steakhouse & Bar” in Canada and select markets in the United States. On May 31, 2002, KRL completed a transaction in which KRL sold The Keg trademarks and other related intellectual property (collectively, the “Keg Rights”) to The Keg Rights Limited Partnership (the “Partnership”), a subsidiary of The Keg Royalties Income Fund (the “Fund”). The Partnership, in turn, granted KRL an exclusive licence to use the Keg Rights for a term of 99 years pursuant to a licence and royalty agreement, which obligates KRL to make monthly royalty payments to the Partnership equal to 4% of gross sales of Keg restaurants included in a specific royalty pool (the “Royalty Pool”).

The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants’ Guideline, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities (“AcG-15”) requires the consolidation of a variable interest entity (“VIE”) by the primary beneficiary of the expected residual returns, or losses, or both, of the VIE. A VIE is any type of legal structure in which consolidation is required due to contractual or other financial arrangements, as opposed to traditional voting rights, if certain conditions exist. The Partnership has been determined to be a VIE in accordance with the criteria established in AcG-15. As a result of this guideline, the Fund does not consolidate the Partnership but instead accounts for its investment in the Partnership on an equity basis. KRL consolidates the Partnership based on this same guideline, whereas previously, KRL accounted for its investment in the Partnership on an equity basis. This accounting policy does not affect the contractual obligations nor the cash flows between the Fund, the Partnership and KRL.

The revenue of KRL is derived from sales from corporate Keg restaurants, its proportionate share of a joint venture Keg restaurant, franchise fee income, and revenue from sales of food and liquor products marketed under The Keg brand name. Sales from corporate Keg restaurants are affected by the number of new corporate Keg restaurants that are opened or closed. Franchise fee income is affected by the amount of sales generated by existing franchised Keg restaurants and the number of franchised Keg restaurants that are opened or closed.

The operating costs and expenses of KRL include food and beverage costs, labour costs, and premises costs of corporate Keg restaurants, marketing and advertising expenses net of franchisee contributions, as well as general and administrative costs associated with the operations of KRL in providing services to the corporate and franchised Keg restaurants.

KRL, indirectly through the Partnership, incurs administrative expenses and interest expense on an operating line of credit, to the extent utilized. See “Liquidity and Capital Resources – Operating Lines of Credit”.

The non-controlling interest represents the earnings of the Partnership attributable to the public unitholders of the Fund from the Fund’s indirect ownership of Partnership units. The amount is calculated as the royalty income earned by the Partnership from KRL, less Partnership expenses, and less earnings of the Partnership attributable to KRL from its ownership of Class A, entitled Class B, Class C, and Class D Partnership units.

THE ROYALTY POOL

Annually, on January 1st, the Royalty Pool is adjusted to include the gross sales from new Keg restaurants that have opened on or before October 2nd of the prior year, less gross sales from any Keg restaurants that have permanently closed during the preceding calendar year. In return for adding these net sales to the Royalty Pool, KRL receives the right to indirectly acquire additional Fund units (the "Additional Entitlement"). The Additional Entitlement is determined based on 92.5% of the royalty revenue added to the Royalty Pool, divided by the yield of the Fund units. KRL receives 80% of the estimated Additional Entitlement initially, with the balance received on December 31st of each year when the actual full year performance of the new restaurants is known with certainty.

Readers should note that the number of restaurants added to the Royalty Pool each year may differ from the number of restaurant openings and closings reported by KRL on an annual basis, as the periods for which they are reported differ slightly.

The total number of Keg restaurants included in the Royalty Pool has increased from the 80 Keg restaurants in existence on March 31, 2002, to 95 as of December 31, 2007. Twenty-seven new Keg restaurants that opened during the period from April 1, 2002 through October 2, 2006, with annual gross sales of \$128.0 million, have been added to the Royalty Pool. Twelve permanently closed Keg restaurants with annual sales of \$30.5 million have been removed from the Royalty Pool. This has resulted in a net increase in Royalty Pool sales of \$97.5 million annually and KRL receiving a cumulative Additional Entitlement equivalent to 3,311,525 Fund units as of December 31, 2007.

On January 1, 2008, four new Keg restaurants that opened during the period from October 3, 2006 through October 2, 2007 were added to the Royalty Pool. The gross sales of these four new restaurants have been estimated at \$20.5 million annually. Three permanently closed Keg restaurants with annual sales of \$7.4 million were removed from the Royalty Pool resulting in an estimated net increase in Royalty Pool sales of \$13.1 million annually. The total number of restaurants in the Royalty Pool increased to 96. The yield of the Fund units was determined to be 8.54% calculated using a weighted average unit price of \$13.78.

As a result of the contribution of the additional net sales to the Royalty Pool, and assuming 100% of the estimated Additional Entitlement is received, KRL's Additional Entitlement will be equivalent to 413,367 Fund units, being 3.23% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. On January 1, 2008, KRL received 80% of this entitlement representing the equivalent of 330,694 Fund units, being 2.60% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. KRL will also receive a proportionate increase in monthly distributions from the Partnership. Including the initial portion of the Additional Entitlement described above, KRL has the right to exchange its units in the capital of the Partnership for 2,998,164 Fund units representing 23.60% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. The balance of the Additional Entitlement will be adjusted on December 31, 2008, to be effective January 1, 2008, once the actual performance of the new restaurants has been confirmed. If KRL were to receive 100% of the estimated Additional Entitlement for 2008, it would have the right to exchange its Partnership units for 3,080,837 Fund units representing 24.10% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis.

OWNERSHIP OF THE FUND

The ownership of the Fund on a fully diluted basis is as follows:

	March 30, 2008 ⁽¹⁾		April 1, 2007	
	#	%	#	%
Fund units held by public unitholders ⁽²⁾	9,703,500	76.40	9,703,500	79.93
Exchangeable Partnership units held by KRL: ⁽³⁾				
Class A units ⁽⁴⁾	905,944	7.13	905,944	7.46
Class B units ⁽⁵⁾	1,826,700	14.38	1,530,840	12.61
Class D units ⁽⁵⁾	<u>265,520</u>	<u>2.09</u>	-	-
Total Exchangeable Partnership units ⁽⁶⁾	<u>2,998,164</u>	<u>23.60</u>	<u>2,436,784</u>	<u>20.07</u>
Total Fund and Exchangeable Partnership units.....	<u>12,701,664</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>12,140,284</u>	<u>100.00</u>

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Information is current as of March 30, 2008.

⁽²⁾ Represents the public's total effective ownership of the Fund as of March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007. The public's average effective ownership of the Fund (based on the weighted average number of Fund units held by public unitholders during the respective period) was 76.40% during the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008 (13 weeks ended April 1, 2007 – 76.83%) and for the 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 was 77.41% (26 weeks ended April 1, 2007 – 77.60%). The weighted average number of Fund units outstanding for the 13-week period ended March 30, 2008 were 9,703,500 (13-week period ended April 1, 2007 - 9,327,944) and for the 26-week period ended March 30, 2008 were 9,703,500 (26-week period ended April 1, 2007 – 9,189,214). On February 22, 2007, KRL exchanged 650,000 Class B units of the Partnership for an equal amount of Fund units, increasing the number of issued and outstanding Fund units to 9,703,500 and on February 23, 2007, sold these 650,000 Fund units through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

⁽³⁾ Exchangeable into Fund units on a one-for-one basis.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents KRL's initial 10% effective ownership of the Fund, prior to the entitlement to Class B or Class D units.

⁽⁵⁾ These exchangeable Partnership units are issued to KRL in return for adding net sales to the Royalty Pool on an annual basis. Class D units may only be issued to KRL after all Class B units have become fully entitled to proportionate distributions from the Partnership (which occurred on January 1, 2008). As of March 30, 2008, KRL is the registered holder of 1,826,700 Class B units and 265,520 Class D units (April 1, 2007 – 1,530,840 Class B units and Nil Class D units). Also included in these figures is 80% of the Additional Entitlement estimated at the beginning of each year, pursuant to which KRL receives a proportionate increase in monthly distributions from the Partnership. The remaining 20% of KRL's Additional Entitlement to Class B or Class D units is adjusted retroactively to January 1st of each year once the actual sales performance of the new restaurants has been confirmed. KRL is not entitled to proportionate monthly distributions from the Partnership on the remaining 20% of KRL's Additional Entitlement until such time as the Additional Entitlement is adjusted retroactively at the end of each year.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents KRL's total effective ownership of the Fund as of March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007. KRL's average effective ownership of the Fund (based on the weighted average number of Fund and exchangeable units held by KRL during the respective period) was 23.60% during the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008 (13 weeks ended April 1, 2007 – 23.17%) and 22.59% during the 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 (26 weeks ended April 1, 2007 - 22.40%).

NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

The non-controlling interest represents the earnings of the Partnership attributable to the public unitholders of the Fund from the Fund's indirect ownership of Partnership units. The amount is calculated as the royalty income earned by the Partnership from KRL, less Partnership expenses, and less earnings of the Partnership attributable to KRL from its ownership of Class A, entitled Class B, Class C and Class D Partnership units.

	13 weeks ended Mar. 30, 2008	13 weeks ended Apr. 1, 2007	26 weeks ended Mar. 30, 2008	26 weeks ended Apr. 1, 2007
(\$000's)				
Royalty income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 4,488	\$ 4,260	\$ 8,734	\$ 8,298
Partnership expenses ⁽²⁾	<u>(99)</u>	<u>(102)</u>	<u>(176)</u>	<u>(207)</u>
Partnership earnings	4,389	4,158	8,558	8,091
KRL's interest ⁽³⁾	<u>(2,057)</u>	<u>(1,926)</u>	<u>(3,976)</u>	<u>(3,802)</u>
Non-controlling interest ⁽⁴⁾	<u>\$ 2,332</u>	<u>\$ 2,232</u>	<u>\$ 4,582</u>	<u>\$ 4,289</u>

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The Fund, indirectly through the Partnership, earns royalty income equal to 4% of gross sales of Keg restaurants included in the Royalty Pool.

⁽²⁾ The Fund, indirectly through the Partnership, incurs administrative expenses and interest on an operating line of credit, to the extent utilized.

⁽³⁾ Represents the interest of KRL in the earnings of the Partnership from the Class A, entitled Class B, Class C and Class D Partnership units. The Class A, entitled Class B and Class D Partnership units are exchangeable into Fund units on a one-for-one basis in certain circumstances.

⁽⁴⁾ The Fund directly earns equity income from its investment in the Partnership.

SYSTEM SALES

The operating earnings of KRL are derived from the profits from corporate-owned Keg restaurants, its 50% share of the profits from a joint venture restaurant, franchise fee income, and revenue (net of related expenses) from sales of food and liquor products marketed under The Keg brand name. Profits from corporate-owned restaurants are directly affected by the gross sales from these restaurants and franchise fee income is directly affected by the gross sales from the joint venture and franchised restaurants. The total system sales of The Keg chain are of interest to readers as these sales best reflect the chain's overall performance. The following table sets out The Keg's total systems sales for the periods indicated below:

	13 weeks ended Mar. 30, 2008	13 weeks ended Apr. 1, 2007	26 weeks ended Mar. 30, 2008	26 weeks ended Apr. 1, 2007
(\$000's)				
Corporate Keg restaurants ⁽¹⁾	\$ 54,920	\$ 54,445	\$ 109,653	\$ 107,911
Franchised Keg restaurants ⁽²⁾	<u>56,680</u>	<u>52,515</u>	<u>110,842</u>	<u>105,406</u>
Total system sales	<u>\$ 111,600</u>	<u>\$ 106,960</u>	<u>\$ 220,495</u>	<u>\$ 213,317</u>

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The amount of system sales for the corporate Keg restaurants is the amount of gross sales from the corporate Keg restaurants only and excludes its proportionate share of gross sales from a joint venture restaurant located in Coquitlam, British Columbia.

⁽²⁾ The amount of system sales for the franchised Keg restaurants is the amount of gross sales reported to KRL by franchised Keg restaurants without independent audit and includes the gross sales of a joint venture restaurant located in Coquitlam, British Columbia.

SECOND QUARTER

System sales for the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008 were \$111,600,000 compared to \$106,960,000 for the 13 weeks ended April 1, 2007, an increase of \$4,640,000 or 4.3%. During the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008, one new corporate restaurant was opened and one joint venture restaurant was closed. The closed restaurant, located in Coquitlam, British Columbia was substantially damaged by fire in the prior year. The company has elected to not re-build at the existing location given the short remaining life of the lease, and instead will relocate to a far superior site within the year. During the 13 weeks ended April 1, 2007, one new corporate restaurant was opened and one corporate and one franchised restaurant were relocated. As of March 30, 2008, there were a total of 96 Keg restaurants as compared with 96 restaurants at April 1, 2007.

Same store sales (sales of restaurants that operated during the entire 13-week period of both the current year and the prior year) increased by 6.2% in Canada and decreased by 3.6% in the United States. After translating the sales of the U.S. restaurants into their Canadian dollar equivalent, consolidated same store sales for the comparable 13-week period increased by 2.2%. The average exchange rate moved from 1.17 for the second quarter of fiscal 2007, to 1.00 for the second quarter of fiscal 2008, significantly reducing the Canadian dollar equivalent of the U.S. restaurant sales.

YEAR TO DATE

System sales for the 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 were \$220,495,000 compared to \$213,317,000 for the 26 weeks ended April 1, 2007, an increase of \$7,178,000 or 3.4%. During the 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008, one new corporate restaurant was opened and one joint venture restaurant was closed. During the 26 weeks ended April 1, 2007, one new corporate restaurant was opened and one corporate and one franchised restaurant were relocated.

Same store sales (sales of restaurants that operated during the entire 26-week period of both the current year and the prior year) increased by 4.4% in Canada and decreased by 2.9% in the United States. After translating the sales of the U.S. restaurants into their Canadian dollar equivalent, consolidated same store sales for the comparable 26-week period increased by 0.9%. The average exchange rate moved from 1.15 for the 26-week period of fiscal 2007, to 0.99 for the 26-week period of fiscal 2008, significantly reducing the Canadian dollar equivalent of the U.S. restaurant sales.

OPERATING RESULTS

SECOND QUARTER

CORPORATE RESTAURANT SALES

Gross sales from corporate-owned restaurants increased from \$54,445,000 to \$54,920,000 for the comparable 13-week period. The increase of \$475,000 or 0.9% was due to the net impact of same store sales increases discussed previously, the sales of the net new corporate restaurant that operated during part of the quarter, and the negative effect of the exchange rate decline on the translation of the U.S. corporate restaurant sales into their Canadian dollar equivalent.

CORPORATE RESTAURANT COSTS

Corporate restaurant operating costs and expenses increased from \$44,247,000 for the 13-week period ended April 1, 2007, to \$45,046,000 for the 13-week period ended March 30, 2008. The increase of \$799,000 was primarily due to three expense categories. Restaurant variable operating costs increased by \$272,000 due to the increased sales for the period. Staff labour costs increased by \$395,000 due to general wage pressures in Canada, particularly in British Columbia and Alberta.

Restaurant management labour costs increased by \$126,000 due to the combination of increased management salaries resulting from competitive pressures, and management costs of the net new corporate restaurant that operated during part of the quarter. Restaurant trade costs grew by \$69,000 due to the trade costs of the net new corporate restaurant that operated during part of the quarter.

RETAIL OPERATIONS

Retail operating contribution (revenue net of related expenses of a wholly owned subsidiary which sells Keg branded food and liquor products) increased from a loss of \$24,000 during the 13-week period ended April 1, 2007, to a profit of \$10,000 during the 13-week period ended March 30, 2008.

FRANCHISE FEE INCOME

Franchise fee income climbed from \$2,607,000 for the second quarter of the prior year to \$2,746,000 for the second quarter of the current year, an increase of \$139,000 or 5.3%. The net increase in franchise fees earned was primarily due to same store sales growth at existing franchised restaurants during the quarter.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses increased by \$781,000 from \$4,628,000 for the 13-week period ended April 1, 2007, to \$5,409,000 for the 13-week period ended March 30, 2008. Marketing and advertising expenses increased by \$382,000 partly due to the increased sales for the quarter as the company targets to spend at least 2½% of restaurant sales on advertising, as well as the timing of certain expenditures. Corporate administrative expenses increased by \$399,000 due to the addition of new corporate personnel, and increased travel costs incurred as a result of accelerated new restaurant development.

OPERATING EARNINGS

Operating earnings decreased by \$932,000 from \$8,153,000 for the 13 weeks ended April 1, 2007, to \$7,221,000 for the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008. Management views operating earnings as a key figure as it indicates the funds generated by KRL which are available to meet its royalty payment obligations to the Fund, interest and income tax obligations, and to pay any discretionary expenses.

PARTNERSHIP EXPENSES

Expenses incurred by the Partnership for the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008 were \$99,000 and included general and administrative expenses of \$101,000 and interest income on the surplus cash balances of \$2,000. The decrease of \$3,000 in Partnership expenses over the comparable quarter in fiscal 2007 was due to a decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$3,000 due to the timing of certain expenditures.

NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

The non-controlling interest increased from \$2,232,000 for the 13-week period of the prior year to \$2,332,000 for the 13-week period of the current year. The increase in non-controlling interest of \$100,000 was primarily due to higher earnings of the Partnership arising from increased royalty income earned by the Partnership. This was partially offset by a decrease in the average effective ownership interest in the Partnership held by public unitholders from 76.83% during the 13-week period of the prior year to 76.40% during the 13-week period of the current year. The change in effective ownership of the Partnership during the period was the net result of the sale of 650,000 Fund units owned by KRL on February 23, 2007, and the Additional Entitlement received by KRL on January 1, 2008.

GAIN ON SALE OF CLASS B UNITS

On February 22, 2007, KRL exchanged 650,000 Class B units of the Partnership for an equal amount of Fund units, increasing the number of issued and outstanding Fund units to 9,703,500. Thereafter, on February 23, 2007, KRL sold these 650,000 Fund units through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange. A gain on sale was recorded in the second quarter of the prior year, as the net proceeds received exceeded the weighted average cost of these units by \$964,000.

EBITDA

EBITDA for the 13-week period of the current year was \$4,790,000 compared to \$6,783,000 for the 13-week period of the prior year. The decrease in EBITDA of \$1,993,000 for the quarter was due to the net impact of the decrease in operating earnings of \$932,000, the decrease in Partnership expenses of \$3,000, the increase in non-controlling interest of \$100,000 and the decrease in the gain on sale of Class B units of \$964,000.

EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES

Earnings before income taxes for the 13 weeks ended March 30, 2008 amounted to \$822,000 compared to earnings before income taxes of \$2,949,000 for the 13 weeks ended April 1, 2007.

YEAR TO DATE

CORPORATE RESTAURANT SALES

Gross sales from corporate-owned restaurants increased from \$107,911,000 to \$109,653,000 for the comparable 26-week period. The increase of \$1,742,000 or 1.6% was due to the net impact of same store sales increases discussed previously, the sales of the net new corporate restaurant that operated during most of the period, and the negative effect of the exchange rate decline on the translation of the U.S. corporate restaurants sales into their Canadian dollar equivalent.

CORPORATE RESTAURANT COSTS

Restaurant operating costs and expenses increased from \$86,986,000 for the 26-week period ended April 1, 2007 to \$89,181,000 for the 26-week period ended March 30, 2008. The increase of \$2,195,000 was primarily due to five expense categories. Restaurant variable operating costs increased by \$1,000,000 due to increased sales for the period. Food costs decreased by \$235,000 relative to the same period of the prior year as a result of menu pricing and favourable beef prices. Restaurant staff labour costs increased by \$999,000 due to the combination of general wage pressures in Canada, particularly in British Columbia and Alberta, and significant minimum wage increases in the United States on January 1, 2007.

CORPORATE RESTAURANT COSTS (CONTINUED)

Restaurant management labour costs increased by \$288,000 due to the combination of increased management salaries from competitive pressures, and management costs of the net new corporate restaurant that operated during most of the period. Restaurant trade costs grew by \$105,000 primarily due to the trade costs of the net new corporate restaurant that operated during most of the period.

RETAIL OPERATIONS

Retail operating contribution (revenue net of related expenses of a wholly owned subsidiary which sells Keg branded food and liquor products) increased from a loss of \$63,000 during the 26-week period ended April 1, 2007 to a loss of \$31,000 during the 26-week period ended March 30, 2008.

FRANCHISE FEE REVENUE

Franchise fee revenue climbed from \$5,163,000 for the 26-week period of the prior year to \$5,383,000 for the 26-week period of the current year, an increase of \$220,000 or 4.3%. The net increase in franchise fees earned was primarily due to same store sales growth at existing restaurants during the period.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses increased by \$911,000 from \$9,406,000 for the 26-week period ended April 1, 2007 to \$10,317,000 for the 26-week period ended March 30, 2008. Marketing and advertising expenses increased by \$188,000 primarily due to the increased sales for the period as the company targets to spend at least 2½% of restaurant sales on advertising. Corporate administrative expenses increased by \$725,000 due to the addition of new corporate personnel, increased travel costs incurred as a result of accelerated new restaurant development, and start-up costs associated with franchise expansion in a number of new markets.

OPERATING EARNINGS

Operating earnings decreased by \$1,112,000 from \$16,619,000 for the 26 weeks ended April 1, 2007 to \$15,507,000 for the 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008. Management views operating earnings as a key figure as it indicates the funds generated by KRL which are available to meet its royalty payment obligations to the Fund, interest and income tax obligations, and to pay any discretionary expenses.

PARTNERSHIP EXPENSES

Expenses incurred by the Partnership for the 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 were \$176,000 and included general and administrative expenses of \$179,000, and interest income on the surplus cash balances of \$3,000. The decrease in Partnership expenses of \$31,000 was due to a decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$31,000 over the comparable period in fiscal 2007 primarily due to a reduction in legal and printing costs associated with the publication of the Fund's Annual Report.

NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

The non-controlling interest increased from \$4,289,000 for the 26-week period of the prior year to \$4,582,000 for the 26-week period of the current year. The increase in non-controlling interest of \$293,000 was primarily due to higher earnings of the Partnership arising from increased royalty income earned by the Partnership. This was partially offset by a decrease in the average effective ownership interest in the Partnership held by public unitholders from 77.60% during the 26-week period of the prior year, to 77.41% during the 26-week period of the current year. The change in effective ownership of the Partnership during the period was the net result of the sale of 650,000 Fund units owned by KRL on February 23, 2007, and the Additional Entitlement received by KRL on January 1, 2008.

GAIN ON SALE OF CLASS B UNITS

On February 22, 2007, KRL exchanged 650,000 Class B units of the Partnership for an equal amount of Fund units, increasing the number of issued and outstanding Fund units to 9,703,500. Thereafter, on February 23, 2007, KRL sold these 650,000 Fund units through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange. A gain on sale was recorded in the second quarter of the prior year, as the net proceeds received exceeded the weighted average cost of these units by \$964,000.

EBITDA

EBITDA for the 26-week period of the current year was \$10,749,000 compared to \$13,087,000 for the 26-week period of the prior year. The decrease in EBITDA of \$2,338,000 for the year was due to the net impact of the decrease in operating earnings of \$1,112,000, the decrease in Partnership expenses of \$31,000, the increase in non-controlling interest of \$293,000 and the decrease in the gain on sale of Class B units of \$964,000.

EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES

Earnings before income taxes for the 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 amounted to \$2,830,000 compared to earnings before income taxes of \$5,537,000 for the 26 weeks ended April 1, 2007.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

KRL must invest in the maintenance of the corporate Keg restaurants on an annual basis and it is estimated that the costs of these maintenance capital expenditures is \$3,000,000 per annum. KRL will use cash flow from operations to fund seasonal fluctuations in working capital and maintenance capital expenditures.

LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

KRL has a CDN\$27,500,000 revolving credit/term loan facility with a syndicate of two Canadian banks which is available to finance the construction of certain new corporate restaurants and major renovations in Canada. The facility is comprised of a \$15,500,000 term facility and a \$12,000,000 revolving facility and is scheduled to mature on April 3, 2011. The term facility required interest-only payments until December 30, 2007, and quarterly principal repayments thereafter. The revolving facility requires annual principal repayments based on 25% of excess operating cash flow, beginning in KRL's financial year ending in 2008. The credit facilities in Canada are secured by a general security agreement over KRL's Canadian assets, a personal limited recourse guarantee from the sole shareholder of KRL, and a pledge of equity interests in the Partnership.

LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Keg Restaurants U.S., Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of KRL, has credit facilities with GE Capital in the amount of US\$11,436,661. Management anticipates additional loan facilities for the expansion of corporate Keg restaurants in the United States on similar terms and conditions as exist currently. The credit facilities in the United States are secured by certain property, plant and equipment located in the United States.

Principal repayments on long-term debt obligations for the next five years (ending on or about March 30th each year) are as follows:

2009	\$ 4,879,215
2010	6,345,908
2011	8,416,224
2012	1,478,241
2013	1,351,344
Thereafter	4,672,733

OPERATING LINES OF CREDIT

KRL has a revolving demand operating facility of up to \$2,000,000 with a Canadian chartered bank, which bears interest at a rate between bank prime and bank prime plus 1.00% based on certain financial criteria. This credit facility is available for general corporate purposes including working capital, overdrafts and letters of credit. As at March 30, 2008, KRL meets the criteria for interest at bank prime.

The Partnership has a demand operating facility of up to \$1,000,000 which bears interest at bank prime plus 0.25% per annum. This credit facility is used primarily to bridge timing differences between the receipt of the royalty payments and distributions on the Partnership securities. This operating line is also available for general working capital purposes, or if required, to help finance periodic differences between receipt of the royalty payment (which may vary due to small seasonal variations in the gross sales of those restaurants in the Royalty Pool) and distributions to Unitholders.

OTHER LONG-TERM COMMITMENTS

KRL has base rental obligations under operating leases for office and restaurant premises as well as certain franchise restaurants. Some of the restaurant premises leases require additional payments contingent on sales volume. KRL has sub-leased certain restaurants to franchisees and, under the terms of the sub-leases, the franchisee assumes all rights and obligations under the head lease. Under the terms of the head lease agreements, KRL remains contingently liable to the landlord for any default in payment by franchisees. However KRL has personal guarantees and full indemnities from certain of the principals of the franchisees, for any and all costs related to the head lease. Accordingly, the company records net lease expense in its statements of earnings. As of March 30, 2008, substantially all sub-lease accounts were current.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On November 22, 2007, KRL loaned \$6,000,000 to The Charles F. White Corporation, a company wholly owned by the sole shareholder of KRL. The loan is non-interest bearing and payable on demand with repayment terms of \$2,000,000 on or before May 31, 2008 and the remaining \$4,000,000 on or before the maturity date of May 31, 2009.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

KRL's critical accounting estimates are those that relate to the determination of unearned revenue, impairment in the value of assets, useful lives for depreciation and amortization, income taxes and provisions for contingencies. Management of KRL believes these amounts are appropriately valued at March 30, 2008.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES

Effective October 1, 2007, KRL has adopted the following new accounting standards that were issued by the CICA:

GENERAL STANDARDS ON FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Handbook Section 1400, *General Standards on Financial Statement Presentation*, requires KRL to assess and disclose its ability to continue as a going concern. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact in KRL's consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL DISCLOSURE

Handbook Section 1535, *Capital Disclosures*, specifies requirements for the disclosure of: (i) an entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital; (ii) quantitative data about what the entity regards as capital; (iii) whether the entity has complied with any established capital requirements; and (iv) if it has not complied, the consequences of such non-compliance. The required disclosure is in note 10 of KRL's interim consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Handbook Sections 3862 and 3863, *Financial Instruments – Disclosures* and *Financial Instruments – Presentation*, replace Handbook Section 3861, *Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation*, revise and enhance its disclosure requirements and carries forward its presentation requirements. These new sections place increased emphasis on disclosures about the nature and extent of risks arising from the financial instruments and how the entity manages those risks. The required disclosure is in notes 11 and 12 of KRL's interim consolidated financial statements.

INVENTORIES

Handbook Section 3031, *Inventories*, replaces Handbook Section 3030, *Inventories*, and provides more guidance on the measurement and disclosure requirements for inventories. The new standard allows the reversal of previous write-downs to net realize value when there is a subsequent increase in the value of inventories. KRL's adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on KRL's consolidated financial statements.

FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The CICA plans to converge Canadian GAAP with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") over a transition period expected to end in 2011. The impact of the transition to IFRS on the KRL's financial statements is not yet determinable.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

KRL's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt. The carrying values of these instruments approximate their fair values. Due to the interrelationship between the note payable to the Fund and the Class C Partnership units held by KRL, it is not practicable to estimate the fair value of the note payable with sufficient reliability. It is management's opinion that KRL is not exposed to significant interest rate or credit risk arising from these financial statements.

OUTLOOK

The Canadian Restaurant and Foodservice Association (CRFA) has projected foodservice growth in the full-service restaurant category, the category in which The Keg operates, of 3.1% in 2008. Management of KRL believes that The Keg will continue to outperform the full-service restaurant category with respect to same store sales growth.

Management of KRL intends to continue to focus on growing same store sales and to continue to expand the number of corporate and franchised restaurants in Canada and the United States. KRL management believes that the strong same store sales growth KRL has delivered in the past will be realized in the future through a combination of increased guest counts and increased guest average cheque. Advertising and promotions programs will continue to focus on food taste, quality and excellent service in a friendly atmosphere. Management of KRL believes that continued Canadian market expansion will be leveraged by KRL's leading market position and national presence. Corporate market expansion in the United States will continue to focus on three target markets, specifically: Phoenix, Arizona; Denver, Colorado; and Dallas, Texas. KRL management also intends to aggressively pursue franchising opportunities in the United States.

KRL continues to refurbish, and in some cases, relocate existing Keg restaurants in order to better serve its guests and to protect and enhance the strong leadership position The Keg brand has enjoyed for over thirty-five years.

Management of KRL has revised the number of restaurants it expects to open during fiscal 2008, primarily due to late turnover of sites by landlords. Management of KRL currently expects to open 9 restaurants during fiscal 2008 consisting of four corporate and two franchised restaurants in Canada, as well as two corporate and one franchised restaurant in the United States. In addition, management of KRL is in late-stage negotiations regarding numerous other locations both in Canada and the United States. Management of KRL anticipates opening 30 new restaurants over the next ten years.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

THE RESTAURANT INDUSTRY

The performance of KRL is dependent upon restaurant sales and operating income, which are subject to a number of factors that affect the restaurant industry generally and the casual dining segment of the industry in particular. The casual dining segment of the restaurant industry is intensely competitive with respect to price, service, location and food quality. There are many well-established competitors, particularly in the United States, with substantially greater financial and other resources than KRL. Competitors include national and regional chains, as well as individually owned restaurants. Recently, competition has increased in the mid-price, full-service, casual dining segment in which Keg restaurants operate. If KRL and the Keg franchisees are unable to successfully compete in the casual dining segment of the restaurant industry, sales may be adversely affected and the ability of KRL to pay the royalty or interest on the Keg Loan may be impaired. The restaurant business is also affected by changes in demographic trends, traffic patterns, and the type, number and location of competing restaurants. In addition, factors such as inflation, increased food, labour and benefits costs, government regulations, smoking

THE RESTAURANT INDUSTRY (CONTINUED)

by-laws and the availability of experienced management and hourly employees may adversely affect the restaurant industry in general, and therefore, potentially KRL and its franchisees. Changing consumer preferences and discretionary spending patterns and factors affecting the availability of beef could potentially force KRL to modify its restaurant content and menu and could result in a reduction of restaurant sales. Accordingly, this could reduce the amount of the royalty and impact the financial condition of KRL. Consumer preferences could be affected by health concerns about the consumption of beef, the primary item served at Keg restaurants, and specific events such as an outbreak of “mad cow disease” could reduce the available supply of beef or significantly raise the price of beef. KRL’s success also depends on numerous factors affecting discretionary consumer spending, including economic conditions, disposable consumer income and consumer confidence. Adverse changes in these factors could reduce guest traffic or impose practical limits on pricing, either of which could reduce restaurant sales and operating income, which could adversely affect the ability of KRL to pay the royalty, the make-whole payment or interest on the Keg Loan.

AVAILABILITY AND QUALITY OF RAW MATERIALS

Management of KRL continues to monitor the situation regarding the cases of BSE (mad cow disease) found in North America during the past several years. The widespread testing of herds confirms these are isolated cases; the risk to human health appears to be negligible. Most importantly to The Keg, there has not been any significant negative consumer reaction to beef in North America and there has not been a material impact on its restaurant traffic. KRL has maintained an uninterrupted supply of quality beef that meets its demanding specifications despite the border closures and the unfortunate impact on cattle producers. Management of KRL expects the demand for beef to remain strong among consumers and its supply to continue uninterrupted.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

The information provided in this report includes forward-looking statements with respect to business plans, activities, prospects, opportunities and events anticipated or being pursued by management of KRL and KRL’s future results. Although management of KRL believes the assumptions underlying such statements to be reasonable, any of the assumptions may prove to be inaccurate and, as a result, the forward-looking information may prove to be incorrect. The anticipated results or events upon which current expectations are based may differ materially from actual results or events. The forward-looking information contained in this document is current only as of the date of this document. There should not be an expectation that such information will in all circumstances be updated, supplemented or revised whether as a result of new information, changing circumstances, future events or otherwise.

KEG RESTAURANTS LTD.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

Provided as a supplement to the consolidated financial statements of
The Keg Royalties Income Fund

These interim financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company's external auditors.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	March 30, 2008 (unaudited)	September 30, 2007
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 11,232	\$ 18,860
Accounts receivable	4,371	4,592
Inventories	4,144	3,789
Prepaid expenses and other assets	5,628	3,023
Current portion of note receivable from The Charles F. White Corporation (note 3)	<u>2,000</u>	<u>-</u>
	27,375	30,264
Note receivable from The Charles F. White Corporation (note 3)	4,000	-
Property, plant and equipment	64,812	55,648
Deferred charges	1,397	1,074
Intangible assets (note 5)	20,423	20,423
Future income taxes	<u>5,064</u>	<u>5,716</u>
	<u>\$ 123,071</u>	<u>\$ 113,125</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S DEFICIENCY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 23,700	\$ 19,313
Due to related parties	162	57
Unearned revenue	14,611	12,933
Current portion of long-term debt (note 6)	<u>4,879</u>	<u>3,143</u>
	43,352	35,446
Unearned revenue	2,953	2,959
Note payable to The Keg Royalties Income Fund	57,000	57,000
Long-term debt, net of deferred financing charges (note 6)	21,923	22,085
Deferred gain on sale of intangible assets (note 8)	31,117	30,560
Non-controlling interest (note 9)	16,358	17,047
Shareholder's deficiency:		
Share capital	1	1
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(4,368)	(4,530)
Deficit	<u>(45,265)</u>	<u>(47,443)</u>
	<u>(49,632)</u>	<u>(51,972)</u>
	<u>\$ 123,071</u>	<u>\$ 113,125</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board

"David Aisenstat"
David Aisenstat, Director

"Neil Maclean"
Neil Maclean, Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND DEFICIT

(Expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

	13 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>	26 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	26 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>
Revenue:				
Restaurant sales	\$ 54,920	\$ 54,445	\$ 109,653	\$ 107,911
Retail sales	<u>432</u>	<u>427</u>	<u>723</u>	<u>772</u>
	55,352	54,872	110,376	108,683
Operating costs:				
Restaurant operating costs	(45,046)	(44,247)	(89,181)	(86,986)
Retail operations	<u>(422)</u>	<u>(451)</u>	<u>(754)</u>	<u>(835)</u>
	<u>(45,468)</u>	<u>(44,698)</u>	<u>(89,935)</u>	<u>(87,821)</u>
Earnings from operations	9,884	10,174	20,441	20,862
Franchise fee revenue	2,746	2,607	5,383	5,163
General and administrative expenses	(5,409)	(4,628)	(10,317)	(9,406)
Partnership expenses	(99)	(102)	(176)	(207)
Non-controlling interest (note 9)	(2,332)	(2,232)	(4,582)	(4,289)
Gain on sale of marketable securities	<u>-</u>	<u>964</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>964</u>
Earnings before undernoted items	4,790	6,783	10,749	13,087
Amortization	(2,608)	(2,430)	(5,189)	(4,734)
Amortization of deferred gain	83	81	165	143
Interest	(1,408)	(1,409)	(2,853)	(2,860)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	<u>(35)</u>	<u>(76)</u>	<u>(42)</u>	<u>(99)</u>
Earnings before income taxes	822	2,949	2,830	5,537
Income taxes:				
Current	-	4	-	(7)
Future	<u>(59)</u>	<u>(1,792)</u>	<u>(652)</u>	<u>(929)</u>
	<u>(59)</u>	<u>(1,788)</u>	<u>(652)</u>	<u>(936)</u>
Net earnings for the period	763	1,161	2,178	4,601
Deficit, beginning of period	(46,028)	(42,175)	(47,443)	(45,615)
Dividends	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,375)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,375)</u>
Deficit, end of period	<u>\$ (45,265)</u>	<u>\$ (45,389)</u>	<u>\$ (45,265)</u>	<u>\$ (45,389)</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

	13 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>	26 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	26 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>
Net earnings for the period	\$ 763	\$ 1,161	\$ 2,178	\$ 4,601
Change in foreign currency translation gain (loss) on self-sustaining foreign operations	<u>291</u>	<u>(84)</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>212</u>
Comprehensive income for the period	<u>\$ 1,054</u>	<u>\$ 1,077</u>	<u>\$ 2,340</u>	<u>\$ 4,813</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

	13 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>	26 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	26 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>
Accumulated other comprehensive income, beginning of period	\$ (4,659)	\$ (3,518)	\$ (4,530)	\$ (3,814)
Change in foreign currency translation gain (loss) on on self-sustaining foreign operations	<u>291</u>	<u>(84)</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>212</u>
Accumulated other comprehensive income, end of period	<u>\$ (4,368)</u>	<u>\$ (3,602)</u>	<u>\$ (4,368)</u>	<u>\$ (3,602)</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

	13 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>	26 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	26 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>
Cash provided by (used for):				
OPERATIONS:				
Net earnings for the period	\$ 763	\$ 1,161	\$ 2,178	\$ 4,601
Items not involving cash:				
Amortization	2,608	2,430	5,189	4,734
Amortization of deferred gain	(83)	(81)	(165)	(143)
Non-controlling interest	2,332	2,232	4,582	4,289
Loss on disposition of property, plant and equipment	35	76	42	99
Gain on sale of marketable securities	-	(964)	-	(964)
Future income tax expense	59	1,792	652	929
Distributions declared to non-controlling interest (note 9)	(1,410)	(1,261)	(4,548)	(4,055)
Change in non-cash operating working capital (note 14(a))	<u>(2,087)</u>	<u>(4,992)</u>	<u>3,397</u>	<u>1,040</u>
	2,217	393	11,327	10,530
INVESTMENTS:				
Additions to property, plant and equipment and deferred charges	(9,209)	(4,498)	(14,242)	(9,133)
Net proceeds (costs) from disposition of property, plant and equipment	-	(9)	(1)	222
Net proceeds from sale of marketable securities	-	8,749	-	8,749
Note receivable from The Charles F. White Corporation	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
	(9,209)	4,242	(20,243)	(162)
FINANCING:				
Dividends paid	-	(4,375)	-	(4,375)
Issuance of long-term debt	1,311	-	2,345	-
Repayment of long-term debt	<u>(785)</u>	<u>(403)</u>	<u>(1,057)</u>	<u>(600)</u>
	526	(4,778)	1,288	(4,975)
Increase (decrease) in cash	(6,466)	(143)	(7,628)	5,393
Cash, beginning of period	<u>17,698</u>	<u>20,596</u>	<u>18,860</u>	<u>15,060</u>
Cash, end of period	<u>\$ 11,232</u>	<u>\$ 20,453</u>	<u>\$ 11,232</u>	<u>\$ 20,453</u>

See note 14(b) for supplementary cash flow information.
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

Keg Restaurants Ltd. ("KRL") prepares its interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles on a basis consistent with those used and described in the annual consolidated financial statements for the 52 weeks ended September 30, 2007, except as described below in note 2. The disclosures contained in these interim consolidated financial statements do not include all requirements of Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial statements.

These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the 52 weeks ended September 30, 2007.

2. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES:

Effective January 1, 2008, the Fund has adopted the following new accounting standards that were issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA"):

(a) General standards on financial statement presentation:

Handbook Section 1400, *General Standards on Financial Statement Presentation*, requires KRL to assess and disclose its ability to continue as a going concern. KRL's adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on disclosure in KRL's consolidated financial statements.

(b) Capital disclosure:

Handbook Section 1535, *Capital Disclosures*, specifies requirements for the disclosure of: (i) an entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital; (ii) quantitative data about what the entity regards as capital; (iii) whether the entity has complied with any established capital requirements; and (iv) if it has not complied, the consequences of such non-compliance (note 10).

(c) Financial instruments:

Handbook Sections 3862 and 3863, *Financial Instruments – Disclosures* and *Financial Instruments – Presentation*, replace Handbook Section 3861, *Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation*, revise and enhance its disclosure requirements and carries forward its presentation requirements. These new sections place increased emphasis on disclosures about the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and how the entity manages those risks (notes 11 and 12).

(d) Inventories:

Handbook Section 3031, *Inventories*, replaces Handbook Section 3030, *Inventories*, and provides more guidance on the measurement and disclosure requirements for inventories. The new standard allows the reversal of previous write-downs to net realizable value when there is a subsequent increase in the value of inventories. KRL's adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on KRL's consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

3. NOTE RECEIVABLE FROM THE CHARLES F. WHITE CORPORATION:

On November 22, 2007, KRL loaned \$6,000,000 to a company wholly owned by the sole shareholder of KRL. The loan is non-interest bearing and payable on demand with repayment terms of \$2,000,000 on or before May 31, 2008 and the remaining \$4,000,000 on or before the maturity date of May 31, 2009.

4. SYSTEM SALES:

System sales for any period and for any Keg restaurants located in Canada and the United States means the gross sales by such Keg restaurants for such period.

Gross sales are the sales reported to KRL by owners of Keg restaurants in Canada and the United States under franchise agreements, without audit or other form of independent assurance, and the sales of Keg restaurants in Canada and the United States owned by KRL and its subsidiaries. In each case, these sales are reported net of discounts for coupons and other promotional items and applicable sales taxes.

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

On May 31, 2002, KRL sold the trademarks and trade names used in connection with the operation of Keg restaurants in Canada and the United States (the "Keg Rights") to the Partnership for cash proceeds of \$30,487,000 and 950,944 Class A Partnership units ("Class A units"), 3,376,700 Class B Partnership units ("Class B units"), and 5,700,000 Class C Partnership units ("Class C units"). Concurrent with the sale of the Keg Rights, the Partnership granted KRL a licence to use the Keg Rights for a period of 99 years. As consideration, KRL pays the Partnership a royalty of four percent of system sales reported by the Keg restaurants included a specific royalty pool (the "Royalty Pool").

As a result of consolidation of the Partnership as required by the adoption of AcG-15 during 2005, the Keg Rights are recorded at their historical cost. Partnership units received by KRL on sale of the Keg Rights are eliminated on consolidation. The adoption of AcG-15 does not affect the contractual obligations between KRL, the Partnership and the Fund or the legal ownership of the Keg Rights.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT:

	March 30, <u>2008</u>	September 30, <u>2007</u>
Canadian bank debt	\$ 15,500	\$ 16,000
GE Capital (U.S. \$11.437 million)	<u>11,644</u>	<u>9,598</u>
	27,144	25,598
Current portion	(4,879)	(3,143)
Deferred financing charges	<u>(342)</u>	<u>(370)</u>
	<u>\$ 21,923</u>	<u>\$ 22,085</u>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars, except unit amounts - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

7. EXCHANGEABLE UNITS:

In return for adding net sales to the Royalty Pool, KRL has received the following Partnership units that are exchangeable into Fund units:

	March 30, <u>2008</u>	September 30, <u>2007</u>
Class A Partnership units (a)	905,944	905,944
Class B Partnership units (b)	1,826,700	1,530,840
Class D Partnership units (c)	<u>265,520</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>2,998,164</u>	<u>2,436,784</u>

Pursuant to the declaration of trust, the holders (other than the Fund or its subsidiaries) of the Class A units, Class B units and Class D Partnership units (“Class D units”) are entitled to vote in all votes of Fund unitholders as if they were holders of the number of Fund units they would receive if Class A, entitled Class B and Class D units were exchanged into Fund units as of the record date of such votes, and will be treated in all respects as Fund unitholders for the purpose of any such votes.

- (a) The Class A units are entitled to a preferential proportionate distribution equal to the distribution on the Class C units, multiplied by the number of Class A units divided by the number of LP Partnership units (“LP units”) issued and outstanding. KHT holds all of the 8,153,500 LP units issued and outstanding at March 30, 2008. In addition, the Class A units receive a residual distribution proportionately with the Class B units, LP units and GP units relative to the aggregate number of each class issued and outstanding (or in the case of the Class B units and Class D units, the number issued and outstanding multiplied by the Class B and Class D current distribution entitlement, respectively). Class A units are exchangeable for Fund units on the basis of one Fund unit for one Class A unit.
- (b) The Class B units are entitled to a preferential proportionate distribution and a residual distribution based on the incremental royalty paid to the Partnership from new Keg restaurants. The distribution entitlements of the Class B units are adjusted annually on January 1 until such date that all Class B units have received entitlement (the “Class B Termination Date”). Concurrent with the January 1, 2008 roll-in, the Class B Termination Date was reached and the last of the Class B units became entitled. Class B units held by KRL are exchangeable for Fund units based upon a defined calculation that itself is based on system sales from new restaurants. As at March 30, 2008, 1,826,700 (September 30, 2007 – 1,530,840) Class B units held by KRL receive a distribution entitlement.
- (c) The Class D units are entitled to a preferential proportionate distribution and a residual distribution based on the incremental royalty paid to the Partnership from new Keg restaurants. The distribution entitlements of the Class D units are adjusted annually on January 1. Class D units held by KRL are exchangeable for Fund units based upon a defined calculation that itself is based on system sales from new restaurants. As at March 30, 2008, 265,520 (September 30, 2007 – nil) Class D units held by KRL receive a distribution entitlement. Class D units are issued subsequent to the Class B Termination Date and are identical to Class B units except that the Trustees of KHT can require KRL to surrender any or all of the issued Class D units for a price that is equal to the one originally used in the formula to calculate the number of units issued.

KRL’s investment in Class A, Class B and Class D units are eliminated on consolidation of the Partnership.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

8. DEFERRED GAIN ON SALE OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

	March 30, <u>2008</u>	September 30, <u>2007</u>
Cash proceeds received on sale of Keg Rights	\$ 30,487	\$ 30,487
Fund units received on exchange of Class B Partnership units	17,697	17,697
Disposition costs	<u>(322)</u>	<u>(322)</u>
	47,862	47,862
The Fund's 76.40% ownership interest (September 30, 2007 – 79.93%)	<u>(15,600)</u>	<u>(16,322)</u>
	32,262	31,540
Accumulated amortization	<u>(1,145)</u>	<u>(980)</u>
	<u>\$ 31,117</u>	<u>\$ 30,560</u>

The deferred gain on sale of intangible assets is adjusted to reflect changes in the Fund's ownership interest in the Keg Rights held by the Partnership resulting from the entitlement of certain Partnership units held by KRL as consideration for the addition of new restaurants to the Royalty Pool and the exchange of certain Partnership units by KRL for Fund units.

Annually, on January 1, the Royalty Pool is adjusted to include the gross sales from new Keg restaurants that have opened on or before October 2 of the prior year, less gross sales from any Keg restaurants that have permanently closed during the year. In return for adding these net sales to the Royalty Pool, KRL receives the right to indirectly acquire additional Fund units (the "Additional Entitlement"). The Additional Entitlement is determined based on 92.5% of the royalty revenue added to the Royalty Pool, divided by the yield of the Fund units. KRL receives 80% of the estimated Additional Entitlement initially, with the balance received on December 31 each year when the actual full year performance of the new restaurants is known with certainty.

The total number of Keg restaurants included in the Royalty Pool has increased from the 80 Keg restaurants in existence on March 31, 2002, to 95 as of December 31, 2007. Twenty-seven new Keg restaurants that opened during the period from April 1, 2002 through October 2, 2006, with annual gross sales of \$128.0 million, have been added to the Royalty Pool. Twelve permanently closed Keg restaurants with annual sales of \$30.5 million have been removed from the Royalty Pool. This has resulted in a net increase in Royalty Pool sales of \$97.5 million annually and KRL receiving a cumulative Additional Entitlement equivalent to 3,311,525 Fund units as of December 31, 2007.

On January 1, 2008, four new Keg restaurants that opened during the period from October 3, 2006 to October 2, 2007 were added to the Royalty Pool. The gross sales of these four new restaurants have been estimated at \$20.5 million annually. Three permanently closed Keg restaurants with annual sales of \$7.4 million have been removed from the Royalty Pool, resulting in an estimated net increase in Royalty Pool sales of \$13.1 million annually. The total number of restaurants in the Royalty Pool has increased to 96. The yield of the Fund units was determined to be 8.54% calculated using a weighted average unit price of \$13.78.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

8. DEFERRED GAIN ON SALE OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED):

As a result of the contribution of the additional net sales to the Royalty Pool, and assuming 100% of the estimated Additional Entitlement is received, KRL's Additional Entitlement will be equivalent to 413,367 Fund units, being 3.23% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. On January 1, 2008, KRL received 80% of this entitlement representing the equivalent of 330,694 Fund units, being 2.60% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. KRL will also receive a proportionate increase in monthly distributions from the Partnership. Including the initial portion of Additional Entitlement described above, KRL has the right to exchange its units in the capital of the Partnership for 2,998,163 Fund units, representing 23.60% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis. The balance of the Additional Entitlement will be adjusted to be effective January 1, 2008 once the actual performance of the new restaurants have been confirmed. If KRL were to receive 100% of the estimated Additional Entitlement for 2008, it would have the right to exchange its Partnership units for 3,080,837 Fund units, representing 24.10% of the Fund units on a fully diluted basis.

9. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST:

	March 30, <u>2008</u>	September 30, <u>2007</u>
The Fund's ownership interest in the Keg Rights (note 8)	\$ 15,600	\$ 16,322
Non-controlling interest in earnings of the Partnership, net of distributions declared, beginning of the period	725	494
Non-controlling interest in earnings of the Partnership	4,581	8,569
Distributions declared on Partnership units held by non-controlling interest	<u>(4,548)</u>	<u>(8,338)</u>
	<u>\$ 16,358</u>	<u>\$ 17,047</u>

	13 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>	26 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	26 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>
Partnership royalty income	\$ 4,488	\$ 4,260	\$ 8,734	\$ 8,298
Partnership expenses	<u>(99)</u>	<u>(102)</u>	<u>(176)</u>	<u>(207)</u>
Net earnings of the Partnership for the period	4,389	4,158	8,558	8,091
KRL's interest	<u>(2,057)</u>	<u>(1,926)</u>	<u>(3,976)</u>	<u>(3,802)</u>
Non-controlling interest in Partnership earnings ..	<u>\$ 2,332</u>	<u>\$ 2,232</u>	<u>\$ 4,582</u>	<u>\$ 4,289</u>

The royalty payment from KRL to the Partnership is four percent of system sales for such period reported by Keg restaurants in the Royalty Pool plus a make-whole payment, if required by a restaurant closure, based on four percent of lost system sales. KRL's interest includes its entitlement on Class C units. The non-controlling interest in Partnership earnings does not include the interest paid to the Fund by KRL on the \$57,000,000 note payable.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

10. CAPITAL DISCLOSURES:

KRL's objectives in managing its liquidity and capital are:

- To safeguard KRL's ability to continue as a going concern;
- To provide financial capacity and flexibility to meet its strategic objectives;
- To provide adequate return to its shareholder commensurate with the level of risk; and
- Return excess cash through dividends.

	March 30, <u>2008</u>	September 30, <u>2007</u>
Liquidity:		
Cash	\$ 11,232	\$ 18,860
Undrawn credit facilities	<u>14,000</u>	<u>14,000</u>
Total liquidity	25,232	32,860
Capitalization:		
Long-term debt, including current portion	<u>26,802</u>	<u>25,228</u>
Total debt	26,802	25,228
Deferred gain	31,117	30,560
Shareholder's deficiency	<u>(49,632)</u>	<u>(51,972)</u>
	<u>(18,515)</u>	<u>(21,412)</u>
Total capitalization	<u>\$ 33,519</u>	<u>\$ 36,676</u>

KRL maintains financial policies and manages its liquidity and capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes to economic conditions, the underlying risks inherent in its operations and capital requirement to maintain and grow its operations.

KRL is not subject to any statutory capital requirements and has no commitments to sell or otherwise issue shares.

The undrawn credit facilities in the amount of \$14,000,000 are subject to certain financial covenants.

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

This section gives an overview of the significance of the financial instruments for KRL and provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments.

KRL classified its financial instruments as follows:

- Cash as *held-for-trading*, which is measured at fair value.
- Accounts receivable and note receivable from The Charles F. White Corporation ("CFW") as *loans and receivables*, which are measured at amortized cost.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED):

- Accounts payable, amount due to related parties, long-term debt and note payable to the Fund as *other financial liabilities*, which are measured at amortized cost.

The right to transfer Class C units in consideration of its note payable to the Fund is classified as a *derivative instrument*. KRL has reviewed the net impact of this potential exchange requirement on its cash flows and has determined there is no significant value applicable to this feature.

The following table presents the carrying amounts of each category of financial assets and liabilities:

	March 30, <u>2008</u>	September 30, <u>2007</u>
Financial assets:		
Held-for-trading financial assets	\$ 11,232	\$ 18,860
Loans or receivables	<u>10,371</u>	<u>4,592</u>
	<u>\$ 21,603</u>	<u>\$ 23,452</u>
Financial liabilities:		
Financial liabilities measured at cost	<u>\$ 107,664</u>	<u>\$ 101,598</u>

The fair values of accounts receivable, note receivable from CFW, accounts payable and amount due to related parties approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT:

KRL is primarily exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk as they relate to KRL's identified financial instruments.

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk is defined as the risk of financial loss to KRL if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from KRL's accounts receivable and note receivable from CFW. The effective monitoring and controlling of credit risk is a core competency of KRL. Each potential franchisee must complete a thorough interview process and pass mandatory credit evaluations. Franchise receivables represent the most significant balances in accounts receivable at any given time. The note receivable from CFW is from a company owned by the sole shareholder of KRL and is not considered a significant credit risk. KRL's maximum exposure to credit risk is the value of its accounts receivable of \$4,371,000.

The amount of past-due accounts is \$620,643. There has been no provision for impaired accounts receivable determined necessary and KRL continues to make every effort to collect all past due amounts.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED):

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk results from KRL's potential inability to meet its financial liabilities. KRL constantly monitors its operations and cash flows to ensure that current and future obligations will be met. KRL believes that its current sources of liquidity are sufficient to cover its currently known short and long term cash obligations.

KRL's capital resources are comprised of cash and cash flow from operating activities. The maturities of KRL's financial liabilities are as follows:

	<u>Value</u>	<u>Maturity</u>
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 23,700	< 1 year
Due to related parties	162	< 1 year
Current portion of long-term debt	4,879	< 1 year
Long-term debt	21,923	2010 to 2019
Note payable to The Keg Royalties Income Fund	57,000	2042

(c) Interest rate risk:

KRL's interest rate risk exposure is mainly related to its \$15,500,000 floating rate debt in its Canadian operations. This facility requires interest payments at bank prime and net earnings would change by approximately \$19,500 during the quarter if the prime rate changed by 0.5%. All other debt obligations have minimal interest rate risk as they bear interest at fixed rates.

(d) Foreign currency exchange rate risk:

KRL is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk as a result of its operations in the United States. To manage its foreign currency exchange rate risk, KRL's subsidiary in the United States, Keg Restaurants U.S., Inc. ("KUS"), has entered into financing arrangements in United States dollars. KRL has not entered into any derivative arrangements to further mitigate this risk. Based on the US dollar sales and net earnings of KUS for the quarter ended March 30, 2008, a 100 basis point change in the US dollar exchange rate would result in an approximate \$36,000 and \$1,000 change in sales and net earnings, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

13. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES:

KRL's principal business activity is the operation and franchising of Keg Steakhouse and Bar restaurants in Canada and the United States; accordingly, KRL is considered to operate in only one reportable segment.

Geographic information:

	13 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>	26 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	26 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>
Restaurant sales:				
Canada	\$ 40,650	\$ 37,266	\$ 81,452	\$ 74,161
United States	<u>14,270</u>	<u>17,179</u>	<u>28,201</u>	<u>33,750</u>
	<u>\$ 54,920</u>	<u>\$ 54,445</u>	<u>\$ 109,653</u>	<u>\$ 107,911</u>
Franchise fee revenue:				
Canada	\$ 2,725	\$ 2,583	\$ 5,343	\$ 5,115
United States	<u>21</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>48</u>
	<u>\$ 2,746</u>	<u>\$ 2,607</u>	<u>\$ 5,383</u>	<u>\$ 5,163</u>

	March 30, <u>2008</u>	September 30, <u>2007</u>
Property, plant and equipment:		
Canada	\$ 45,337	\$ 39,700
United States	<u>19,475</u>	<u>15,948</u>
	<u>\$ 64,812</u>	<u>\$ 55,648</u>

14. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

	13 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>	26 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	26 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>
(a) Change in non-cash operating working capital:				
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,798	\$ 1,700	\$ 221	\$ (409)
Inventories	258	426	(355)	(518)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	691	(2,235)	(2,605)	(2,368)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities ..	4,864	(492)	4,387	(620)
Due to related parties	-	-	105	(7)
Distributions due to non-controlling interest	(935)	(954)	-	-
Unearned revenue	(9,744)	(3,423)	1,672	5,021
Cumulative translation adjustment	<u>(19)</u>	<u>(14)</u>	<u>(28)</u>	<u>(59)</u>
	<u>\$ (2,087)</u>	<u>\$ (4,992)</u>	<u>\$ 3,397</u>	<u>\$ 1,040</u>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of dollars - unaudited)

13 and 26 weeks ended March 30, 2008 and April 1, 2007

14. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONTINUED):

	13 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	13 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>	26 weeks ended March 30, <u>2008</u>	26 weeks ended April 1, <u>2007</u>
(b) Supplementary information:				
Interest received	\$ 141	\$ 175	\$ 308	\$ 320
Interest paid	1,502	1,642	3,046	3,136
Income taxes recovered	-	(5)	-	(5)
Non-cash transactions:				
Exchange of Class B units for Fund units	-	7,785	-	7,785

15. COMPARATIVE FIGURES:

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current period.